ORIGINAL ARTICLE Breast Cancers

Male breast cancer: A retrospective review of clinical profile from a tertiary cancer care center of India

Dharma Ram, Suhas K. Rajappa, Veda P. Selvakumar¹, Himanshu Shukla, Ashish Goel², Rajeev Kumar¹, Kapil Kumar²

Abstract

Aim: Present study was done with an aim to analyse the clinicopathological and survival characteristics of male breast cancer patients. **Methods:** We did a retrospective review of our database and analysed total 27 patients who presented to breast oncology unit of Rajiv Gandhi cancer centre and research institute from January 2010 to April 2016. **Results:** Most common stage at presentation in our study was in stage II. The median follow up was 32.75 months. The actuarial 5-year survival was 92.30% and DFS was 76.30%. Only hormone receptor status was found as a significant prognostic variable among the prognostic factors studied for disease free survival. **Conclusions:**Carcinoma breast in male is a relatively rare disease and management principles are translated from our understanding of breast cancer in women. A relatively early stage at presentation is a contrasting finding of our series which may be responsible for a significantly better actuarial 5 year survival rates.

Key words: Hormone receptor, India, Male breast cancer, triple negative breast cancer

Introduction

Breast cancer is the leading malignancy all around the globe among women, but it is uncommon in men. Breast cancer accounts for <1% of all cancer in male with estimated lifetime risk of getting breast cancer is about 1 in 1000 in men.^[1,2] Incidence of male breast cancer has increased by 26% over the past 25 years.^[3] Literature pertaining to male breast cancer is sparse, particularly in our country.^[4-11] The present study was done with an aim to analyze the clinicopathological and survival characteristics of male breast cancer patients.

Methods

We analyzed clinico-pathological, management and follow up details retrospectively from 2010 to 2016. Continuous variables were presented as mean \pm standard deviation and median. Kaplan–Meier survival analysis was used to find out overall survival (OS) and disease-free survival (DFS), and log-rank test was used to calculate *P* value. The analysis was done using the Statistical Package for Social Sciences 21.0 (SPSS Version 21.0).

Results

Total 27 patients were identified. The majority of the patients were from Delhi (13/27). No risk factor identified except family history in two cases. Clinicopathological details are depicted in Table 1. Most common location was central quadrant (16/27), followed by upper outer quadrant (4/27). Most common stage at presentation was Stage II.

All patients underwent modified radical mastectomy upfront. Infiltrating ductal carcinoma found in 85.2% cases followed by infiltrating lobular carcinoma and infiltrating mucinous carcinoma in two patients each. 77.8% were hormone receptor (HR) positive while 18.5% were triple negative.

Prolonged drain output seen in three patients while one developed wound dehiscence. Two patients developed arm edema, and both of them had received adjuvant radiotherapy.



Departments of Surgical Oncology and ¹Breast Oncology, Rajiv Gandhi Cancer Institute and Research Centre, ²Departments of BLK Super Speciality Hospital, New Delhi, India **Correspondence to:** Dr. Dharma Ram, E-mail: drdharmapoonia@gmail.com

Table 1: Clinical and pathological profile of male breast cancer patients

Factor Distribution Demographic profile Age (year) 62.6 (46-77) Comorbidities $12/27$ (44.3%) Family History $2/27$ (7.04%) Clinical profile Laterality Right 16/27 (58.8%) Location CQ in 16/27 (58.8%) Duration of symptoms 4.5 months (1-12) Chief complains Lump 24/27 (88.8%) Mean size of lump 3.09 cm (1-7 cm) Clinical node+ $9/27$ (33.3%) Histopathological profile Pathology Pathology IDC 23/27 (85.2%) TNBC $5/27$ (18.5%) TPBC $1/27$ (37.7%) Her2/Neu+ $2/27$ (7.4%) Pathological staging T1 6 (22.2%) T2 T2 15 (55.6%) T3 4 (14.8%) T4 2 (7.4%) N0 18 (66.7%) N1 7 (25.9%) N2 1 (3.7%) Stage I 5 (18.5%) Stage II 18 (66.7%) N1 6/27 (22.2%) <th>cancer patients</th> <th></th>	cancer patients	
Age (year) $62.6 (46-77)$ $12/27 (44.3%)$ $2/27 (7.04%)$ Comorbidities $12/27 (44.3\%)$ $2/27 (7.04%)$ Clinical profileRight $16/27 (58.8\%)$ LocationLocationCQ in $16/27 (58.8\%)$ Duration of symptomsDuration of symptoms4.5 months (1-12) Chief complainsChief complainsLump $24/27 (88.8\%)$ $3.09 cm (1-7 cm)$ $2/127 (73.3\%)$ Histopathological profile $9/27 (33.3\%)$ PathologyIDC $23/27 (85.2\%)$ $21/27 (77.8\%)$ TNBC $5/27 (18.5\%)$ $17BCTPBC1/27 (3.7\%)1/27 (3.7\%)Her2/Neu+2/27 (7.4\%)Pathological staging1T16 (22.2\%)12 (5.5.6\%)T34 (14.8\%)14 (14.8\%)T42 (7.4\%)N018 (66.7\%)N17 (25.9\%)N21 (3.7\%)1 (3.7\%)Stage I5 (18.5\%)Stage II18 (66.7\%)Stage III4 (14.8\%)Adjuvant Management4/27 (72.4\%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2\%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2\%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2\%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2\%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (11.1\%)Mean duration3/27 (11.1\%)Distant recurrence2/27 (7.4\%)$	Factor	Distribution
Comorbidities $12/27$ (44.3%)Family History $2/27$ (7.04%)Clinical profileRight $16/27$ (58.8%)LocationCQ in $16/27$ (58.8%)Duration of symptoms $4.5 \mod 16/27$ (58.8%)Mean size of lump $3.09 \ cm$ ($1-7 \ cm$)Clinical node+ $9/27$ (33.3%)Histopathological profile $9/27$ (33.3%)PathologyIDC $23/27$ (85.2%)HR+ $21/27$ (7.8%)TNBC $5/27$ (18.5%)TPBC $1/27$ (3.7%)Her2/Neu+ $2/27$ (7.4%)Pathological staging 11 T1 6 (22.2%)T2 15 (55.6%)T3 4 (14.8%)T4 2 (7.4%)N0 18 (66.7%)N1 7 (25.9%)N2 1 (3.7%)Stage I 5 (18.5%)Stage II 18 (66.7%)Stage II 18 (66.7%)Stage IV 0 (0%)Adjuvant Management 4 (14.8%)Adjuvant Radio $6/27$ (22.2%)Adjuvant Radio $6/27$ (22.2%)Adjuvant Radio $6/27$ (22.2%)Adjuvant HT $21/27$ (7.4%)Mean duration $3/27$ (11.1%) <td>Demographic profile</td> <td></td>	Demographic profile	
Family History $2/27 (7.04\%)$ Clinical profileRight 16/27 (58.8%)LocationCQ in 16/27 (58.8%)Duration of symptoms4.5 months (1-12)Chief complainsLump 24/27 (88.8%)Mean size of lump3.09 cm (1-7 cm)Clinical node+9/27 (33.3%)Histopathological profile1/27 (77.8%)TNBC5/27 (18.5%)TPBC1/27 (3.7%)Her2/Neu+2/27 (7.4%)Pathological staging1T16 (22.2%)T215 (55.6%)T34 (14.8%)T42 (7.4%)N018 (66.7%)N17 (25.9%)N21 (3.7%)Stage I5 (18.5%)Stage II18 (66.7%)Stage IV0 (0%)Adjuvant Management6/27 (22.2%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2%)Adjuvant HT21/27 (77.8%)Recurrence pattern3/27 (11.1%)Local recurrence3/27 (11.1%)	Age (year)	62.6 (46-77)
Clinical profile LateralityRight $16/27$ (58.8%) CQ in $16/27$ (58.8%) Duration of symptomsDuration of symptoms4.5 months (1-12) Chief complainsChief complainsLump $24/27$ (88.8%) 3.09 cm (1-7 cm) Clinical node+PathologyIDC $23/27$ (85.2%) HR+PathologyIDC $23/27$ (85.2%) TNBCTNBC $5/27$ (18.5%) TPBCTPBC $1/27$ (37.%) Her2/Neu+Pathological staging1T1 6 (22.2%) T2T215 (55.6%) T3T42 (7.4%)N018 (66.7%) N1N17 (25.9%) N2N21 (3.7%) Stage IStage II5 (18.5%) Stage IIIStage IV0 (0%)Adjuvant Management Adjuvant chemo19/27 (70.4%) 6/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant HTLocal recurrence $3/27$ (11.1%) Mean durationDistant recurrence $2/27$ (7.4%)	Comorbidities	12/27 (44.3%)
LateralityRight $16/27$ (58.8%)LocationCQ in $16/27$ (58.8%)Duration of symptoms4.5 months (1-12)Chief complainsLump $24/27$ (88.8%)Mean size of lump $3.09 \text{ cm} (1-7 \text{ cm})$ Clinical node+ $9/27$ (33.3%)Histopathological profile $9/27$ (33.3%)PathologyIDC $23/27$ (85.2%)HR+ $21/27$ (77.8%)TNBC $5/27$ (18.5%)TPBC $1/27$ (3.7%)Her2/Neu+ $2/27$ (7.4%)Pathological staging $1/27$ (3.7%)T1 6 (22.2%)T215 (55.6%)T3 4 (14.8%)T4 2 (7.4%)N018 (66.7%)N1 7 (25.9%)N21 (3.7%)Stage I5 (18.5%)Stage II18 (66.7%)Stage IV0 (0%)Adjuvant Management $4/4$ (14.8%)Adjuvant Radio $6/27$ (22.2%)Adjuvant HT $21/27$ (77.8%)Recurrence pattern $2/27$ (7.4%)Local recurrence $3/27$ (11.1%)Mean duration $2/27$ (7.4%)	Family History	2/27 (7.04%)
LocationCQ in $16/27$ (58.8%)Duration of symptoms4.5 months (1-12)Chief complainsLump $24/27$ (88.8%)Mean size of lump3.09 cm (1-7 cm)Clinical node+ $9/27$ (33.3%)Histopathological profile $9/27$ (33.3%)PathologyIDC $23/27$ (85.2%)HR+ $21/27$ (77.8%)TNBC $5/27$ (18.5%)TPBC $1/27$ (3.7%)Her2/Neu+ $2/27$ (7.4%)Pathological staging $1/27$ (3.7%)T1 6 (22.2%)T215 (55.6%)T34 (14.8%)T42 (7.4%)N018 (66.7%)N17 (25.9%)N21 (3.7%)Stage I5 (18.5%)Stage II18 (66.7%)Stage IV0 (0%)Adjuvant chemo $19/27$ (70.4%)Adjuvant Radio $6/27$ (22.2%)Adjuvant HT $21/27$ (77.8%)Recurrence pattern $2/27$ (7.4%)Local recurrence $3/27$ (11.1%)Mean duration $2/27$ (7.4%)	Clinical profile	
Duration of symptoms4.5 months $(1-12)$ Chief complainsLump $24/27$ (88.8%)Mean size of lump $3.09 \text{ cm} (1-7 \text{ cm})$ Clinical node+ $9/27$ (33.3%)Histopathological profile $9/27$ (33.3%)PathologyIDC $23/27$ (85.2%)HR+ $21/27$ (77.8%)TNBC $5/27$ (18.5%)TPBC $1/27$ (3.7%)Her2/Neu+ $2/27$ (7.4%)Pathological staging 1 T1 6 (22.2%)T2 15 (55.6%)T3 4 (14.8%)T4 2 (7.4%)N0 18 (66.7%)N1 7 (25.9%)N2 1 (3.7%)Stage I 5 (18.5%)Stage II 18 (66.7%)Stage IV 0 (0%)Adjuvant Management 4 (14.8%)Adjuvant Radio $6/27$ (22.2%)Adjuvant HT $21/27$ (7.4%)Recurrence pattern $2/27$ (11.1%)Local recurrence $3/27$ (11.1%)Mean duration $2/27$ (7.4%)	Laterality	Right 16/27 (58.8%)
Duration of symptoms4.5 months $(1-12)$ Chief complainsLump $24/27$ (88.8%)Mean size of lump $3.09 \text{ cm} (1-7 \text{ cm})$ Clinical node+ $9/27$ (33.3%)Histopathological profile $9/27$ (33.3%)PathologyIDC $23/27$ (85.2%)HR+ $21/27$ (77.8%)TNBC $5/27$ (18.5%)TPBC $1/27$ (3.7%)Her2/Neu+ $2/27$ (7.4%)Pathological staging 1 T1 6 (22.2%)T2 15 (55.6%)T3 4 (14.8%)T4 2 (7.4%)N0 18 (66.7%)N1 7 (25.9%)N2 1 (3.7%)Stage I 5 (18.5%)Stage II 18 (66.7%)Stage IV 0 (0%)Adjuvant Management 4 (14.8%)Adjuvant Radio $6/27$ (22.2%)Adjuvant HT $21/27$ (7.4%)Recurrence pattern $2/27$ (11.1%)Local recurrence $3/27$ (11.1%)Mean duration $2/27$ (7.4%)	Location	CQ in 16/27 (58.8%)
Mean size of lump $3.09 \text{ cm} (1-7 \text{ cm})$ Clinical node+ $9/27 (33.3\%)$ Histopathological profile $9/27 (33.3\%)$ PathologyIDC $23/27 (85.2\%)$ HR+ $21/27 (77.8\%)$ TNBC $5/27 (18.5\%)$ TPBC $1/27 (3.7\%)$ Her2/Neu+ $2/27 (7.4\%)$ Pathological staging 1 T1 $6 (22.2\%)$ T2 $15 (55.6\%)$ T3 $4 (14.8\%)$ T4 $2 (7.4\%)$ N0 $18 (66.7\%)$ N1 $7 (25.9\%)$ N2 $1 (3.7\%)$ Stage I $5 (18.5\%)$ Stage II $18 (66.7\%)$ Stage IV $0 (0\%)$ Adjuvant Management $4 (14.8\%)$ Adjuvant Radio $6/27 (22.2\%)$ Adjuvant HT $21/27 (77.8\%)$ Recurrence pattern $2/27 (7.4\%)$ Local recurrence $3/27 (11.1\%)$ Mean duration $2/27 (7.4\%)$	Duration of symptoms	4.5 months (1-12)
Clinical node+ $9/27 (33.3\%)$ Histopathological profilePathologyIDC 23/27 (85.2%)HR+ $21/27 (77.8\%)$ TNBC $5/27 (18.5\%)$ TPBC $1/27 (3.7\%)$ Her2/Neu+ $2/27 (7.4\%)$ Pathological staging 1 T1 $6 (22.2\%)$ T2 $15 (55.6\%)$ T3 $4 (14.8\%)$ T4 $2 (7.4\%)$ N0 $18 (66.7\%)$ N1 $7 (25.9\%)$ N2 $1 (3.7\%)$ Stage I $5 (18.5\%)$ Stage II $18 (66.7\%)$ Stage III $18 (66.7\%)$ Stage IV $0 (0\%)$ Adjuvant Management $4 (14.8\%)$ Adjuvant Radio $6/27 (22.2\%)$ Adjuvant HT $21/27 (77.8\%)$ Recurrence pattern $2/27 (71.1\%)$ Local recurrence $3/27 (11.1\%)$ Mean duration $2/27 (7.4\%)$	Chief complains	Lump 24/27 (88.8%)
Histopathological profile IDC 23/27 (85.2%) Pathology IDC 23/27 (85.2%) TNBC 5/27 (18.5%) TPBC 1/27 (3.7%) Her2/Neu+ 2/27 (7.4%) Pathological staging 1 T1 6 (22.2%) T2 15 (55.6%) T3 4 (14.8%) T4 2 (7.4%) N0 18 (66.7%) N1 7 (25.9%) N2 1 (3.7%) Stage I 5 (18.5%) Stage II 18 (66.7%) Stage IV 0 (0%) Adjuvant Management 4 (14.8%) Adjuvant Radio 6/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant Radio 6/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant Radio 6/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant HT 21/27 (77.8%) Recurrence pattern 10/27 (71.4%) Local recurrence 3/27 (11.1%) Mean duration 10/27 (72.4%)	Mean size of lump	3.09 cm (1-7 cm)
PathologyIDC $23/27$ (85.2%)HR+ $21/27$ (77.8%)TNBC $5/27$ (18.5%)TPBC $1/27$ (3.7%)Her2/Neu+ $2/27$ (7.4%)Pathological staging 1 T1 6 (22.2%)T215 (55.6%)T3 4 (14.8%)T4 2 (7.4%)N018 (66.7%)N1 7 (25.9%)N21 (3.7%)Stage I 5 (18.5%)Stage II18 (66.7%)Stage IV 0 (0%)Adjuvant Management 4 (14.8%)Adjuvant Radio $6/27$ (22.2%)Adjuvant HT $21/27$ (70.4%)Adjuvant HT $21/27$ (77.8%)Recurrence pattern $2/27$ (11.1%)Mean duration $3/27$ (11.1%)Distant recurrence $2/27$ (7.4%)	Clinical node+	9/27 (33.3%)
PathologyIDC $23/27$ (85.2%)HR+ $21/27$ (77.8%)TNBC $5/27$ (18.5%)TPBC $1/27$ (3.7%)Her2/Neu+ $2/27$ (7.4%)Pathological staging 1 T1 6 (22.2%)T215 (55.6%)T3 4 (14.8%)T4 2 (7.4%)N018 (66.7%)N1 7 (25.9%)N21 (3.7%)Stage I 5 (18.5%)Stage II18 (66.7%)Stage IV 0 (0%)Adjuvant Management 4 (14.8%)Adjuvant Radio $6/27$ (22.2%)Adjuvant HT $21/27$ (70.4%)Adjuvant HT $21/27$ (77.8%)Recurrence pattern $2/27$ (11.1%)Mean duration $3/27$ (11.1%)Distant recurrence $2/27$ (7.4%)	Histopathological profile	
HR+ $21/27 (77.8\%)$ TNBC $5/27 (18.5\%)$ TPBC $1/27 (3.7\%)$ Her2/Neu+ $2/27 (7.4\%)$ Pathological staging 11 T1 $6 (22.2\%)$ T2 $15 (55.6\%)$ T3 $4 (14.8\%)$ T4 $2 (7.4\%)$ N0 $18 (66.7\%)$ N1 $7 (25.9\%)$ N2 $1 (3.7\%)$ Stage I $5 (18.5\%)$ Stage II $18 (66.7\%)$ Stage IV $0 (0\%)$ Adjuvant Management $4 (14.8\%)$ Adjuvant Radio $6/27 (22.2\%)$ Adjuvant HT $21/27 (77.8\%)$ Recurrence pattern $2/27 (71.4\%)$ Local recurrence $3/27 (11.1\%)$ Mean duration $2/27 (7.4\%)$	Pathology	IDC 23/27 (85.2%)
TNBC $5/27 (18.5\%)$ TPBC $1/27 (3.7\%)$ Her2/Neu+ $2/27 (7.4\%)$ Pathological staging 11 T1 $6 (22.2\%)$ T2 $15 (55.6\%)$ T3 $4 (14.8\%)$ T4 $2 (7.4\%)$ N0 $18 (66.7\%)$ N1 $7 (25.9\%)$ N2 $1 (3.7\%)$ Stage I $5 (18.5\%)$ Stage II $18 (66.7\%)$ Stage IV $0 (0\%)$ Adjuvant Management $4 (14.8\%)$ Adjuvant Chemo $19/27 (70.4\%)$ Adjuvant Radio $6/27 (22.2\%)$ Adjuvant HT $21/27 (77.8\%)$ Recurrence pattern $12/27 (77.4\%)$ Local recurrence $3/27 (11.1\%)$ Mean duration $2/27 (7.4\%)$	HR+	
Her2/Neu+ $2/27 (7.4\%)$ Pathological staging 11 T1 $6 (22.2\%)$ T2 $15 (55.6\%)$ T3 $4 (14.8\%)$ T4 $2 (7.4\%)$ N0 $18 (66.7\%)$ N1 $7 (25.9\%)$ N2 $1 (3.7\%)$ N3 $1 (3.7\%)$ Stage I $5 (18.5\%)$ Stage II $18 (66.7\%)$ Stage IV $0 (0\%)$ Adjuvant Management $4 (14.8\%)$ Adjuvant Management $6/27 (22.2\%)$ Adjuvant Radio $6/27 (22.2\%)$ Adjuvant HT $21/27 (77.8\%)$ Recurrence pattern $2/27 (11.1\%)$ Mean duration $2/27 (7.4\%)$	TNBC	
Her2/Neu+ $2/27 (7.4\%)$ Pathological staging 11 T1 $6 (22.2\%)$ T2 $15 (55.6\%)$ T3 $4 (14.8\%)$ T4 $2 (7.4\%)$ N0 $18 (66.7\%)$ N1 $7 (25.9\%)$ N2 $1 (3.7\%)$ N3 $1 (3.7\%)$ Stage I $5 (18.5\%)$ Stage II $18 (66.7\%)$ Stage IV $0 (0\%)$ Adjuvant Management $4 (14.8\%)$ Adjuvant Management $6/27 (22.2\%)$ Adjuvant Radio $6/27 (22.2\%)$ Adjuvant HT $21/27 (77.8\%)$ Recurrence pattern $2/27 (11.1\%)$ Mean duration $2/27 (7.4\%)$	TPBC	1/27 (3.7%)
T1 $6 (22.2\%)$ T215 (55.6%)T34 (14.8%)T42 (7.4%)N018 (66.7%)N17 (25.9%)N21 (3.7%)N31 (3.7%)Stage I5 (18.5%)Stage II18 (66.7%)Stage III0 (0%)Adjuvant Management0 (0%)Adjuvant Chemo19/27 (70.4%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2%)Adjuvant HT21/27 (77.8%)Recurrence pattern1000000000000000000000000000000000000	Her2/Neu+	
T2 15 (55.6%) T3 4 (14.8%) T4 2 (7.4%) N0 18 (66.7%) N1 7 (25.9%) N2 1 (3.7%) N3 1 (3.7%) Stage I 5 (18.5%) Stage II 18 (66.7%) Stage II 0 (0%) Adjuvant Management 4 (14.8%) Adjuvant Management 0 (0%) Adjuvant Radio 6/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant HT 21/27 (77.8%) Recurrence pattern 3/27 (11.1%) Local recurrence 3/27 (11.1%) Mean duration 2/27 (7.4%)	Pathological staging	
T34 (14.8%)T42 (7.4%)N018 (66.7%)N17 (25.9%)N21 (3.7%)N31 (3.7%)Stage I5 (18.5%)Stage II18 (66.7%)Stage III4 (14.8%)Stage IV0 (0%)Adjuvant Management0 (0%)Adjuvant Chemo19/27 (70.4%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2%)Adjuvant HT21/27 (77.8%)Recurrence pattern3/27 (11.1%)Mean duration2/27 (7.4%)	T1	6 (22.2%)
T4 $2 (7.4\%)$ N018 (66.7\%)N17 (25.9\%)N21 (3.7\%)N31 (3.7\%)Stage I5 (18.5\%)Stage II18 (66.7\%)Stage III4 (14.8\%)Stage IV0 (0%)Adjuvant Management0 (0%)Adjuvant chemo19/27 (70.4%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2%)Adjuvant HT21/27 (77.8%)Recurrence pattern3/27 (11.1%)Local recurrence3/27 (11.1%)Mean duration2/27 (7.4%)	T2	15 (55.6%)
N0 18 (66.7%) N1 7 (25.9%) N2 1 (3.7%) N3 1 (3.7%) Stage I 5 (18.5%) Stage II 18 (66.7%) Stage II 4 (14.8%) Stage IV 0 (0%) Adjuvant Management 4 (14.8%) Adjuvant Radio 6/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant Radio 6/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant HT 21/27 (77.8%) Recurrence pattern 3/27 (11.1%) Mean duration 2/27 (7.4%)	Т3	4 (14.8%)
NI 7 (25.9%) N2 1 (3.7%) N3 1 (3.7%) Stage I 5 (18.5%) Stage II 18 (66.7%) Stage II 4 (14.8%) Stage IV 0 (0%) Adjuvant Management 19/27 (70.4%) Adjuvant Radio 6/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant HT 21/27 (77.8%) Recurrence pattern 3/27 (11.1%) Local recurrence 3/27 (11.1%) Mean duration 2/27 (7.4%)	T4	2 (7.4%)
N2 1 (3.7%) N3 1 (3.7%) Stage I 5 (18.5%) Stage II 18 (66.7%) Stage III 4 (14.8%) Stage IV 0 (0%) Adjuvant Management 4 (14.8%) Adjuvant Chemo 19/27 (70.4%) Adjuvant Radio 6/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant HT 21/27 (77.8%) Recurrence pattern 10/27 (11.1%) Mean duration 2/27 (7.4%)	N0	18 (66.7%)
N3 1 (3.7%) Stage I 5 (18.5%) Stage II 18 (66.7%) Stage III 4 (14.8%) Stage IV 0 (0%) Adjuvant Management 4 (14.8%) Adjuvant Chemo 19/27 (70.4%) Adjuvant Radio 6/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant HT 21/27 (77.8%) Recurrence pattern 3/27 (11.1%) Mean duration 2/27 (7.4%)	N1	7 (25.9%)
Stage I 5 (18.5%) Stage II 18 (66.7%) Stage III 4 (14.8%) Stage IV 0 (0%) Adjuvant Management 4 (14.8%) Adjuvant Chemo 19/27 (70.4%) Adjuvant Radio 6/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant HT 21/27 (77.8%) Recurrence pattern 3/27 (11.1%) Mean duration 2/27 (7.4%)	N2	1 (3.7%)
Stage II 18 (66.7%) Stage III 4 (14.8%) Stage IV 0 (0%) Adjuvant Management 19/27 (70.4%) Adjuvant Radio 6/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant HT 21/27 (77.8%) Recurrence pattern 3/27 (11.1%) Local recurrence 3/27 (11.1%) Mean duration 2/27 (7.4%)	N3	1 (3.7%)
Stage III 4 (14.8%) Stage IV 0 (0%) Adjuvant Management 19/27 (70.4%) Adjuvant chemo 19/27 (22.2%) Adjuvant HT 21/27 (77.8%) Recurrence pattern 3/27 (11.1%) Local recurrence 3/27 (11.1%) Mean duration 2/27 (7.4%)	Stage I	5 (18.5%)
Stage IV0 (0%)Adjuvant Management19/27 (70.4%)Adjuvant chemo19/27 (70.4%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2%)Adjuvant HT21/27 (77.8%)Recurrence pattern1000000000000000000000000000000000000	Stage II	18 (66.7%)
Adjuvant Management19/27 (70.4%)Adjuvant chemo19/27 (70.4%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2%)Adjuvant HT21/27 (77.8%)Recurrence pattern3/27 (11.1%)Local recurrence3/27 (11.1%)Mean duration2/27 (7.4%)	Stage III	4 (14.8%)
Adjuvant chemo19/27 (70.4%)Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2%)Adjuvant HT21/27 (77.8%)Recurrence pattern3/27 (11.1%)Local recurrence3/27 (11.1%)Mean duration2/27 (7.4%)	Stage IV	0 (0%)
Adjuvant Radio6/27 (22.2%)Adjuvant HT21/27 (77.8%)Recurrence pattern3/27 (11.1%)Local recurrence3/27 (11.1%)Mean duration2/27 (7.4%)	Adjuvant Management	
Adjuvant HT21/27 (77.8%)Recurrence pattern1/27 (11.1%)Local recurrence3/27 (11.1%)Mean duration2/27 (7.4%)		19/27 (70.4%)
Recurrence patternLocal recurrence3/27 (11.1%)Mean durationDistant recurrence2/27 (7.4%)	Adjuvant Radio	6/27 (22.2%)
Recurrence pattern3/27 (11.1%)Local recurrence3/27 (11.1%)Mean duration2/27 (7.4%)	Adjuvant HT	
Local recurrence3/27 (11.1%)Mean duration2/27 (7.4%)		
Mean durationDistant recurrence2/27 (7.4%)		3/27 (11.1%)
	Mean duration	× /
	Distant recurrence	2/27 (7.4%)
	Mean duration	× ,

This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 License, which allows others to remix, tweak, and build upon the work non-commercially, as long as the author is credited and the new creations are licensed under the identical terms.

For reprints contact: reprints@medknow.com

How to cite this article: Ram D, Rajappa SK, Selvakumar VP, Shukla H, Goel A, Kumar R, *et al*. Male breast cancer: A retrospective review of clinical profile from a tertiary cancer care center of India. South Asian J Cancer 2017;6:141-3.

Ram, et al.: Male breast cancer

Table 2: Survival outcomes of male breast cancer patients

	Number of patients	Disease free survival	P (DFS)	Overall survival	P (OS)
pN0	18	85.70%	S (<0.05)	100%	NS
pN+	9	58.3%		85.7%	
Early stage	23	100%	NS	100%	NS
Locally advanced	4	69.39%		90%	
HR+ve	21	80.00%	S (<0.05)	100	NS
TNBC	5	66.67%		90.00%	
All patients	27	76.30%	-	92.30%	-

Table 3: Review of Indian series on male breast cancer. **P* stage also shown to significant prognostic variable for overall survival \dagger median OS for stage 1, 2, 3 and 4: 36.2, 32.9, 14.2 and 5.46 months respectively

Study	Duration	Female to male ration	Patients	Laterality	Family history		Age	Delay in presentation	Commonest stage	HR+	Prognostic variables for DFS	Survival
Shukla <i>et al.</i> ^[6] 1996	1987-1993	-	41	Left (58.5)	2%	Delhi	54.2	15.1 mon	41% stage 3	43%	pN stage. Age <50 yr	91.4% 4 Y OS
Mitra <i>et al</i> . ^[7] 2007	1994-2003	-	79	-	-	Kolkata	67	-	90% stage 3/4	83%	pN stage	47-58% 5 Y DFS
Chikaraddi <i>et al.</i> ^[8] 2012	2001-2010	0.4%	26	Right (61%)	-	Bangalore	57		50% stage 3	81%	-	-
Shah <i>et al</i> . ^[9] 2009	1987-2007	4.1%	32	-	3%	Kashmir	55	3 mon	56.2% stage 3	62.5%	-	-
Rai <i>et al</i> . ^[10] 2005	1996-2000	0.5%	30	-	-	Chandigarh	56	-	43.3% stage 3		pN stage	40% 5 Y DFS
Mukherjee et al. ^[11] 2014	2003-2009	-	33	Right (63%)	6%	Kolkata	60	-	57.6 stage 3	54.5%	p Stage. Also OS*	Ť
Sundriyal et al. ^[12] 2015	2005-2014	1.03%	18	Right (55%)	-	Delhi	60	-	61% stage 4	94%	-	-
Gogia <i>et al</i> . ^[13] 2015	1996-2012		76		9.2%	Delhi	59		59% stage 3	78%	pN stage	80%. OS 3 year
Present study 2016	2010-2016	0.8%	27	Right (59%)	7%	Delhi	62.6	4 mon	66.7% stage 2	78%	HR status	92.3% OS 5 yr. 76.3% DFS 5 yr

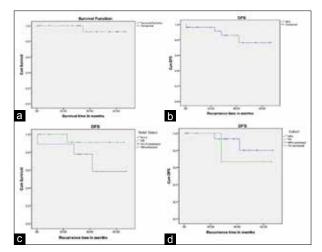


Figure 1: Showing actuarial survival at 5 years: Overall Survival (Panel: A), Disease free survival (Panel: B), Disease free survival (DFS) in relation to nodal (Panel: C) and hormonal status (Panel: D).

Nineteen patients received adjuvant chemotherapy while six received adjuvant radiotherapy. Two patients received both form of adjuvant treatment. All patients with HR positivity received adjuvant tamoxifen.

Median duration of follow-up was 32.75 months (6–66 months). Three patients developed local recurrence (1 chest wall and 2 ipsilateral axillae). Two patients developed distant metastasis (lung and bone). At the past follow-up, one patient with metastasis died of the disease. Actuarial OS at 5 years was 92.30% with median DFS was 76.30%. Triple-negative breast cancer (TNBC) and HR-negative status associated with poor DFS; however, there was no significant difference in OS [Figure 1 and Table 2].

Discussion

Breast cancer is the most common malignancy among Indian women but its uncommon in men.^[1,2] We have summarized the data on available Indian series on male breast cancer [Table 3]. ^[4-11] Clinical and demographic finding are in concordance with the reported Indian series. Most studies show that male breast cancer presents in an advanced stage while most of our patients were in early stage. The reason may be due to the growing cancer awareness in a metro city such as Delhi as >60% of our patients were from Delhi.

Several Western series have reported 5 years OS 80%–90% in Stage I, 50%–80% in Stage II, 30%–50% in Stage III, and <10% in Stage IV disease.^[12,13] Staging, nodal status, and HR⁺ have been reported as prognostic variables for OS and DFS. On univariate analysis, OS was poor in advanced stage, N⁺ and TNBC cases, but did not reach statistical significance. DFS was adversely affected by T stage and nodal status, but the difference did not reach significance, which may be because of small sample size. HR positivity associated with significantly improved DFS. These results may be not true picture as our study has small sample size and relatively less number of patients in advanced stage disease.

Conclusion

Carcinoma breast in male management principles are translated from our understanding of breast cancer in women. The prognosis is dependent on stage of the disease and HR status. Most of the analysis in our study was in concordance with the available data except the stage at presentation. In our study, the predominant stage at presentation was Stage II. This may be due to raising awareness among the population in the metro cities, which is a welcome trend.

Financial support and sponsorship Nil.

Conflicts of interest

There are no conflicts of interest.

References

- Anon. Available at: Fact Sheets by Cancer; 2017. Available from: http:// www.globocan.iarc. fr/Pages/fact_sheets_cancer.aspx. [Last accessed on 2017 Apr 20].
- Anon. Available at: What are the Key Statistics about Breast Cancer in Men? 2017. Available from: http://www.cancer.org/cancer/ breastcancerinmen/detailedguide/breast-cancer-in-men-key-statistics. [Last accessed on 2017 Apr 20].
- Fentiman IS, Fourquet A, Hortobagyi GN. Male breast cancer. Lancet 2006;367:595-604.

- 4. Shukla NK, Seenu V, Goel AK, Raina V, Rath GK, Singh R, *et al.* Male breast cancer: A retrospective study from a regional cancer center in Northern India. J Surg Oncol 1996;61:143-8.
- Mitra D, Manna A, Sikdar SK, Sur PK. Clinicopathological study and its prognostic implication in male breast carcinoma. J Indian Med Assoc 2007; 105:681-3, 686.
- 6. Chikaraddi SB, Krishnappa R, Deshmane V. Male breast cancer in Indian patients: Is it the same? Indian J Cancer 2012;49:272-6.
- Shah P, Robbani I, Shah O. Clinicopathological study of male breast carcinoma: 24 years of experience. Ann Saudi Med 2009;29:288-93.
- Rai B, Ghoshal S, Sharma SC. Breast cancer in males: A PGIMER experience. J Cancer Res Ther 2005;1:31-3.
- 9. Mukherjee A, Saha A, Chattopadhyay S, Sur P. Clinical trends and outcomes of male breast cancer: Experience of a tertiary oncology centre in India. Int J Cancer Ther Oncol 2014;2:20-35.
- Sundriyal D, Kotwal S, Dawar R, Parthasarathy KM. Male breast cancer in India: Series from a cancer research centre. Indian J Surg Oncol 2015;6:384-6.
- 11. Gogia A, Raina V, Deo SV, Shukla NK, Mohanti BK. Male breast cancer: A single institute experience. Indian J Cancer 2015;52:526-9.
- de Perrot M, Deléaval J, Robert J, Spiliopoulos A. Thirty-year experience of surgery for breast carcinoma in men. Eur J Surg 2000;166:929-31.
- Tawil AN, Boulos FI, Chakhachiro ZI, Otrock ZK, Kandaharian L, El Saghir NS, *et al.* Clinicopathologic and immunohistochemical characteristics of male breast cancer: A single center experience. Breast J 2012;18:65-8.