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LETTERS TO EDITOR.

Smoking affects periodontal health

Sir,

Smoking is on the rise in the developing world; however, falling in developed nations. About 15 billion cigarettes

are sold daily or 10 million every minute.^[1] Cigarette smoking is a risk factor for many diseases, and recent evidence indicates that smoking adversely influences

periodontal health having a detrimental impact on oral health.[2] To reveal this fact a cross-sectional study was carried out in the Shimla city. A total of 371 male subjects were selected by a simple random sampling for the clinical examination. Age group of the study population was between 18 years and 58 years. Each sextant was defined for codes as follows: healthy, scored as Community Periodontal Index (CPI) code 0; bleeding observed on probing, CPI code 1; calculus detected, CPI code 2; pocket of 4-5 mm, CPI code 3; or pocket of 6 mm or more, CPI code 4. All the subjects were interviewed regarding the smoking habit. The percentage of healthy periodontium was significantly higher in non-smokers (3.49%) than in smokers (2.81%). The percentages of CPI scores '0' was higher among non-smokers than non-smokers whereas scores (1, 2, 3, and 4) were higher in smokers than in non-smokers. The difference was a statistically highly significant for scores 3 and 4 (P<0.01). Similar results were seen in the study by Garre et al.[3] and Rosa et al., [4] which has revealed that smoking is positively related to periodontitis. Keeping in view this revealed fact of association between smoking and poor periodontal health, there is a great need of awareness to be created among all sections of society by oral health professionals. People should also be educated about other harmful effects of smoking on general health as well. Dental public-health efforts, therefore, need to include, and emphasize the role of the smoking and not only oral hygiene in the primary preventive efforts.

> Vinay Kumar Bhardwaj, Pravesh Jhingta¹, Deepak Sharma¹, Shailee Fotedar

Department of Public Health Dentistry, ¹Periodontology, H. P. Government Dental College and Hospital, Shimla, Himachal Pradesh, India

Address for correspondence:

Dr. Vinay Kumar Bhardwaj, Department of Public Health Dentistry, H. P. Government Dental College and Hospital, Shimla - 171 001, Himachal Pradesh, India. E-mail: dr.viney@gmail.com

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