We report an unusual case of dysphagia of a 65-year-old patient caused by the perforation of the proximal esophagus by an accidentally swallowed toothpick. The patient presented at our emergency unit with increased dysphagia and retrosternal pain for the past 6 days. The consumption of solid food had not been possible for the past 3 days. Swallowing liquids induced retrosternal pain. Choking on a solid piece of food or accidentally swallowing a foreign body was denied. The symptoms had started shortly after his last solid meal 6 days previously. The laboratory results showed elevated C-reactive protein levels (11.6 mg/dl) and an elevated lactate dehydrogenase of 348 U/l. The patient reported no medical history and no current medication. A computed tomography scan showed multiple enlarged lymph nodes near the maxilla and a solid tissue formation in the posterior mediastinum. Below this tumor, a local thickness of the esophagus was noticed accompanied by pathologic contrast medium-enhancement of the wall. Moreover, multiple enlarged lymph nodes peritracheal were detected (Fig. 1). The patient was suspected of having of an esophageal tumor and was referred to our unit for upper gastrointestinal endoscopy. The endoscopy showed, at 20 cm below the alignment, the orifice of a fistula surrounded by fibrin-covered tissue and inflammation up to 17 cm (Fig. 2a). No signs of a tracheo-esophageal fistula were seen. For further histological examination, a biopsy from the region of the fistula orifice was taken, during which a toothpick was discovered and endoscopically removed (Fig. 2b).

Under parenteral nutrition and antibiotic therapy for several days the patient improved rapidly, and a control computed tomography scan and upper gastrointestinal endoscopy showed only small areas of residual inflammation. There are several case reports in the literature reporting ingestion of a toothpick as the cause for perforation of the stomach, duodenum or even the colon [1-3], but so far no reports describing an esophageal perforation have been published.

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_CCL_1AB_2AC_3AH
C. Schäfer¹, A. Graser², A. Wagner¹
¹ Medical Clinic II, University of Munich, Campus Großhadern, Munich, Germany
² Department of Radiology, University of Munich, Campus Großhadern, Munich, Germany

References

Bibliography
Endoscopy 2008; 40: E217 – E218
© Georg Thieme Verlag KG Stuttgart - New York - ISSN 0013-726X

Corresponding author
C. Schäfer, MD
Medical Clinic II
University of Munich
Campus Großhadern
Marchioninistraße 15
Munich 81377
Germany
Fax: +49-89-70956183
Claus.Schaefer@med.uni-muenchen.de