Duodenal mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue lymphoma masquerading as an ulcer scar

A 62-year-old man was referred to our clinic because of gastric malignancy found on a periodic medical check-up. He had no specific symptoms or signs. Physical examination and routine laboratory studies were normal. Esophagogastrroduodenoscopy revealed early gastric cancer (EGC) in the antrum, and there was an additional reddish ulcer scar with fold convergence in the anterior wall of the duodenal bulb. Unlike typical ulcer scar tissue, its mucosa showed patchy erythema and friability. Blood oozed from the ulcer scar after light touch by the scope (Fig. 1). Thus, a biopsy specimen was also taken from the duodenal bulb. Interestingly, histology showed infiltration of atypical lymphocytes with lymphoepithelial lesions. Endoscopic ultrasound (GF-UM 2000, Olympus, Tokyo, Japan) demonstrated hypoechoic wall thickening of the second sonographic layer and focal interruption of the third layer of the duodenum (Fig. 2). There were no abnormalities in bone marrow biopsy, abdomen and chest computed tomography scan. He underwent subtotal gastrectomy 4 weeks later. Histological examination revealed that atypical lymphocytes infiltrated diffusely into the mucosal and submucosal layer of the duodenal bulb (Fig. 3). Mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue (MALT) lymphoma rarely affects the duodenum. To date, there have been 19 cases of primary duodenal MALT lymphoma in the English literature. Histological study of duodenal MALT lymphoma often includes irregular bumpy mucosa, ulceration, and polyloid appearance. Of the 19 cases, six had ulceration (active ulcers) [1–4]. The life cycle of the malignant ulcer is well known in EGC [5]. Therefore, it could appear to be healed. We think that even duodenal MALT lymphoma that forms an ulcer crater may be healed to resemble an ulcer scar like this. Contrary to gastric ulcer, most duodenal ulcers do not need biopsy. In this case, if a biopsy had not been taken from the duodenum, it would have been regarded as a simple ulcer scar. Therefore, endoscopic biopsies are mandatory even for duodenal ulcer scars, if they seem to be slightly atypical.

References


Bibliography

Endoscopy 2008; 40: E175
© Georg Thieme Verlag KG Stuttgart - New York - ISSN 0013-726X

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