Bleeding prophylaxis after polypectomy by colonoscopic application of a detachable snare with a mucosectomy cap

A 4-cm pedunculated polyp (Fig. 1a) was discovered in the sigmoid colon of a 70-year-old patient who presented with anemia. Application of a detachable snare before removal of a polyp can prevent bleeding [1-3] but was not possible in this case because of the size of the polyp head and the softness of the snare. A polypectomy snare was successfully placed over the polyp head because this snare was stiffer. After injection of 6 ml saline with epinephrine into the stalk, polypectomy was performed. After polypectomy, multiple vessels were seen at the base of the polypectomy site without bleeding (Fig. 1b). Clips could not be used, because the base of the polypectomy site was not within the reach of the clip applicator. To prevent polypectomy-associated bleeding from the multiple visible vessels, we decided to place a detachable snare over the base of the polypectomy site. A detachable snare (Olympus MAJ-340) was placed in a transparent mucosectomy cap (Olympus MAJ-293) as in the endoscopic mucosectomy technique (Fig. 2a). Once the base of the polypectomy site had been sucked into the cap, under direct endoscopic view, the snare was delivered and the vessels together with the surrounding mucosa were completely strangulated (Fig. 2b). No complication occurred. Histological evaluation revealed a completely resected tubular adenoma with low-grade intraepithelial neoplasia. The combination of a detachable snare used with a transparent mucosectomy cap may provide another way to prevent postpolypectomy bleeding in the colon.

References

Bibliography
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