ERCP cannulation of a hidden papilla within a duodenal diverticulum

In expert hands, bile duct access using endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP) is almost always successful [1]. Nevertheless, to achieve deep common bile duct (CBD) cannulation, a great variety of techniques and devices must sometimes be employed by the biliary endoscopist [2]. A hidden papilla within a duodenal diverticulum is sometimes challenging. A case is presented here in which two special techniques of bile duct cannulation were used (**Video** 1).

An 83-year-old woman was admitted because of jaundice. Magnetic resonance cholangiography showed dilation of the CBD duct secondary to a possible stenosis in the distal CBD. An ERCP was carried out with a therapeutic duodenoscope. The usual papillary location in the second duodenal portion was occupied by a diverticulum. In its left edge (in the endoscopic view), the papillary frenulum could be identified, although the papilla itself was completely hidden within the diverticulum. To evert the papillary orifice, two devices were employed simultaneously through the working channel [3]. A cannula (Glotip, Cook Medical, Winston-Salem, North Carolina, USA) served to maintain the papillary orifice everted, is seen at the bottom of the image. A sphincterotome loaded with a 0.025 inch hydrophilic guide wire was used to cannulate the papilla. Cannulation above it succeeded in gaining access to the bile duct [4, 5]. The CBD dilation was probably secondary to papillitis or to impaired bile duct flow, due to the distorted position of the distal CBD in the diverticulum. A biliary sphincterotomy was performed. There were no complications.

This case can illustrate that, apart from a long learning curve [6], ERCP endoscopists have to perform the procedure frequently in order to be able to respond quickly enough to the multiple challenges that every single ERCP can present.

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**J. García-Cano**
Section of Digestive Diseases, Hospital Virgen de la Luz, Cuenca, Spain

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**References**


**Bibliography**


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**Corresponding author**

J. García-Cano, MD
Section of Digestive Diseases
Hospital Virgen de la Luz
16002 Cuenca
Spain

Fax: +34-969-230407

j.garcia-cano@terra.es