Endoscopic ultrasonography (EUS) is now a widely accepted modality for visualizing pancreatic lesions, and EUS-guided fine-needle aspiration (EUS-FNA) appears to be a safe and effective method for establishing the histological diagnosis of pancreatic tumors [1]. However, it is sometimes difficult to obtain samples from very small targets, especially tumors of 1 cm or less. We report a case in which EUS-FNA was useful for the diagnosis of in situ carcinoma of the pancreas. A 65-year-old patient was admitted to our hospital because of dilatation of the main duct in the pancreatic body as seen on transabdominal ultrasonography. Serum carcinoembryonic antigen and carbohydrate antigen 19 levels were within normal limits. Computed tomography and magnetic resonance cholangiopancreatography (MRCP) revealed mild dilatation of the main pancreatic duct (Fig. 1). During endoscopic retrograde pancreatography, deep cannulation proved impossible due to severe stricture of the pancreatic duct, and therefore no adequate sample of pancreatic juice could be obtained. EUS showed an echogenic structure 3 mm in diameter and 5 mm in length in the stenotic duct of the pancreas (Fig. 2). EUS-FNA was performed for a histological diagnosis of the echogenic structure in the pancreatic duct. The cytological examination demonstrated clusters of atypical cells consistent with adenocarcinoma (Fig. 3). The histopathological examination of the pancreas achieved by pancreatic duodenectomy...
showed an intraductally spreading carcinoma that was 8 mm in maximum length, 3 mm in diameter, in the main duct of the pancreatic body. The histopathological diagnosis was in situ carcinoma of the pancreas (Fig. 4 – 6).

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H. Sakamoto¹, M. Kitano¹, K. Dote², T. Tchikugo², Y. Takeyama³, M. Kudo¹
¹ Department of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, Kinki University School of Medicine, Osaka-Sayama, Japan
² Department of Pathology, Kinki University School of Medicine, Osaka-Sayama, Japan
³ Department of Surgery, Kinki University School of Medicine, Osaka-Sayama, Japan

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Corresponding author
M. Kitano, MD, PhD
Division of Gastroenterology and Hepatology
Department of Internal Medicine
Kinki University School of Medicine
377-2, Ohno-Higashi
Osaka-Sayama, 589-8511
Japan
Fax: +81-72-3672880
kitano@med.kindai.ac.jp