Duodenal adenomas occur almost invariably in familial adenomatous polyposis [1], and patients with this syndrome can develop duodenal and ampullary cancers [2]. Therapies to prevent malignant transformation of duodenal adenomas include cyclooxygenase-2 inhibition, endoscopic mucosal resection, polypectomy, and ablation with argon plasma coagulation (APC) [3].

A 43-year-old woman with familial adenomatous polyposis underwent esophagogastroduodenoscopy for ablation of multiple duodenal adenomatous polyps (Fig. 1) using intermittent pulses of APC (30 W) (Erbe, Tübingen, Germany). During one ablation a short submucosal gas injection occurred and this was perceived by the patient as a brief episode of pain that resolved spontaneously. Six hours after the procedure the patient developed epigastric pain and a slightly tense upper abdomen. Computed tomography performed approximately 12 hours after the procedure revealed edematous swelling of the pancreas and a small fluid collection around the pancreatic head (Fig. 2). Laboratory tests revealed elevated levels of pancreatic amylase (33.3 μmol/L [normal range < 0.88 μmol/L]) and lipase (30.2 μmol/L [normal range < 1.0 μmol/L]), and a leukocyte count of 16.6 × 10⁹/L. A diagnosis of mild acute interstitial pancreatitis was made. The patient recovered within 3 days after the onset of pain.

This case report highlights a previously unrecognized potential complication of APC. We have considered three potential explanations for the development of pancreatitis in our patient. Firstly, the accidental submucosal gas injection could have penetrated into the pancreas and caused inflammation. Secondly, the papilla could have been traumatized by the APC, although no ablation was performed near the papilla during this particular endoscopic procedure. Thirdly, a high volume of gas in the duodenum could have increased the pressure in the pancreaticobiliary tree [4]. Although APC only penetrates the mucosa to a limited degree, it has been associated with complications such as hollow viscus perforation and abscess formation. To our knowledge there have been no previous reports of pancreatitis associated with APC.

References

Bibliography
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Acute pancreatitis after argon plasma coagulation of duodenal polyps in a patient with familial adenomatous polyposis