Synlett Spotlight 91

Phenyl Isothiocyanate: A Very Useful Reagent in Heterocyclic Synthesis

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Introduction

Naturally occurring isothiocyanates are limited in number. There is, however, a large number of synthetic isothiocyanates which constitute an important class of compounds. Thus, it is apparent that the chemistry of and from isothiocyanates has burgeoned over the years, and it continues to be a blossoming field. The attraction of isothiocyanates as synthons is due to their ready availability. The most important isothiocyanate which is easily synthesized from aniline and carbon disulfide is phenyl isothiocyanate. Several heterocycles, such as thiophenes, pyrroles, pyrimidines or imidazoles, can be constructed from this starting material.

Abstracts

(A) Phenyl isothiocyanate can be condensed with a 1,3-dicarbonyl compound (or its equivalent) in basic media, followed by the addition of an activated methylene compound to synthesize 5-phenylamino-thiophenes. Another equivalent of an activated methylene compound can react with the amine to build the pyrrole fused ring.

(B) When benzothiazolyl-2-guanidine reacts with phenyl isothiocyanate, instead of the expected addition products, 2-imino-3,4-dihydro-2H-benz[1,3]thiazolo[3,2-α]-1,3,5-triazin-4-ones are obtained. The thioureas are formed as intermediates in the first step and then undergo ring closure to the triazinthiones with elimination of aniline.
(C) Cyclohexylidenevalmononitrile was allowed to react with phenyl isothiocyanate under phase-transfer catalysis to give the following bicyclic fused compounds: 3-amino-4-cyano-1-phenylmimo-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisothiachromene, 3-amino-4-cyano-2-phenyl-1-thioxo-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinoline and 3-amino-4-cyano-2-phenyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisooquinolin-1-one.\(^7\)

![Diagram of bicyclic fused compounds]

(D) 1-Methylsulfonyl-1,3-butadiene is metalated by \(\text{n-BuLi}\) followed by the addition of phenyl isothiocyanate to give an intermediate thioamide. The latter undergoes electrocyclization to provide imino-thiopyran.\(^8\)

![Diagram of 1-Methylsulfonyl-1,3-butadiene reactivity]

(E) The reaction of ketene-\(\text{N,N}\)-acetals and phenyl isothiocyanate at room temperature in acetonitrile afforded a thioamide intermediate. The propenamide was converted into 6-thioxopyrimidine upon treatment with excess DMF-DMA in toluene.\(^9\)

![Diagram of ketene-\(\text{N,N}\)-acetals reaction]

(F) Photocondensation of the unstable azirene with phenyl isothiocyanate leads to the 2,4-diaryltiazole.\(^10\)

![Diagram of photocondensation of azirene]

(G) 1-Allylbenzotriazole was functionalized by the sequential addition of \(\text{n-BuLi}\) and quenching of the resulting anion with phenyl isothiocyanate followed by an S-methylation. Cyclization readily occurred with a Lewis acid in dry methylene chloride to give the corresponding 2-methylsulfanylpyrrole.\(^11\)

![Diagram of functionalization of 1-Allylbenzotriazole]

References