Endoscopic removal of a proximally migrated biliary stent using a novel gooseneck snare: the “EndoCowboy”

Proximal migration often occurs as an adverse event of biliary stent placement, with a reported migration rate of 3.1%–4.9% [1]. Although various techniques have been reported for endoscopic removal of proximally migrated biliary stents, the procedure is still technically demanding and time-consuming, and occasionally unsuccessful [2–4]. We describe a useful technique for endoscopic removal of a proximally migrated biliary stent using a novel gooseneck snare (▶Fig. 1).

A man in his 70s who had undergone placement of a 7-Fr straight plastic stent for benign biliary stricture was admitted to retrieve or exchange the stent; however, we noticed during endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP) that the stent had migrated proximally into the common bile duct (▶Fig. 2a). To remove the stent, biliary wire-guided cannulation was first performed, with the cannula (MTW Endoskopie, Wesel, Germany) being inserted near the distal end of the stent. After the guidewire had been removed, a gooseneck snare (EndoCowboy; loop width 9 mm; Piolax Medical Devices, Kanagawa, Japan) was inserted through the lumen of the prepositioned cannula (▶Fig. 2b). Once the snare loop had been passed over the stent, the snare

▶Fig. 1 The novel snare has a microsnare loop that forms a 90° angle like a goose-neck (EndoCowboy; Piolax Medical Devices, Kanagawa, Japan).

▶Fig. 2 Radiographic images during endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography showing: a the previously placed 7-Fr plastic stent that had migrated proximally into the common bile duct; b a gooseneck snare that was inserted through the lumen of a prepositioned cannula; c the stent, which had been grasped by the snare loop, being pulled down and removed.

▶Video 1 A gooseneck snare is inserted through the lumen of the prepositioned cannula and the loop is passed over the stent, before the snare is pulled tight, grasping the stent. Finally, the cannula and snare are simultaneously pulled down and the stent is successfully removed.
was pulled tight, grasping the stent (▶Fig. 2c). Finally, the cannula and snare were simultaneously pulled down and the stent was successfully removed though the scope with no adverse events (▶Video 1).

A gooseneck snare has a microsnare loop forming a 90° angle just after exiting the outer sheath. It is useful for retrieving and manipulating foreign objects in the cardiovascular system [5], but until now there have been no devices for endoscopic use. The EndoCowboy was developed for ERCP. Its 2700-mm length is suitable for an endoscopic device, and various loop sizes are available to suit the diameter of the bile duct. This novel gooseneck snare can therefore be a useful option for the removal of proximally migrated stents and is recommended to have on standby.

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_TTT_1AR_2AZ

Competing interests

None

References


Bibliography

DOI https://doi.org/10.1055/s-0043-119982
Published online: 2017
Endoscopy
© Georg Thieme Verlag KG
Stuttgart · New York
ISSN 0013-726X

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Inoue Tadahisa et al. Gooseneck snare for migrated biliary stent removal... Endoscopy

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