Crystallization in the waterjet channel in colonoscopes due to simethicone

Colonoscopy is the preferred diagnostic and therapeutic modality in the lower intestinal tract. Most Dutch hospitals use Lefax (Bayer Vital GmbH, Leverkusen, Germany) to optimize endoscopic imaging. The main component of Lefax is simethicone (Fig. 1), a silicon dioxide crystalloid of the silicone polymer dimethicone, which decreases the surface tension of bubbles. Lefax is added to water and injected via the waterjet channel of the colonoscope to create a powerful and directional beam.

Recently, a waterjet channel connector (Fig. 2) broke off a colonoscope (Fujinon EC-590 WL; Fujifilm Corporation, Tokyo, Japan) in our department. During repair, crystalline deposits were noticed inside the connector (Fig. 3). Closer examination revealed deposits in every component within the channel (Fig. 4). Infrared spectral analysis by our clinical pharmacy laboratory showed that the crystals consisted of dimethicone (Fig. 5 a, b).

A total of 16 colonoscopies are used in our department. All of them are Fujinon scopes, from the series EC-530 WI-H (n = 1), EC-590 WL (n = 3), EC-590 WL4 (n = 3), and EC-600 WL (n = 9), and all had crystal deposits. Crystals could only be seen by thorough inspection, not during regular checkups. Elimination of the crystals was only possible by mechanical cleaning after the connector had been removed and the channel opened. Repeated attempts at washing with (warm) water, peracetic acid, and precleaning detergent (Neodisher SC; Dr Weigert, Mühlenhagen, Hamburg, Germany) were unsuccessful. As the connec-
tor has a 90° angle and the waterjet channel is only 1.2 mm in diameter, this channel can only be cleaned by flushing, not by mechanical means. Crystal deposits may therefore eventually lead to occlusion of the waterjet channel. When deposits remain, flushing may no longer be effective for cleaning, increasing the risk of microbiological film formation and patient contamination. No such cases have yet been seen in our department.

The presence of dimethicone crystal deposits in colonoscope waterjet channels has potentially important clinical consequences. Simethicone is used in many endoscopy departments, both within and outside the Netherlands, and no alternative product with the same properties is available. It must be stressed that the use of Lefax in colonoscope waterjet channels is off-label; according to the manufacturer only water should be used.

Following this discovery Lefax has only been used via the colonoscope working channel in our department, leading to less than optimal focal cleansing. It is important that endoscopy units outside the Netherlands are informed about these findings, which have not been reported previously.

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