Small intestine grasped by over-the-scope-clip during attempt to close an iatrogenic colonic perforation

The over-the-scope-clip (OTSC; Ovesco, Tübingen, Germany) has been developed for the closure of intestinal defects [1, 2]. We report on the case of a misplaced OTSC, which grasped the small intestine through an iatrogenic colonic perforation. A 78-year-old woman underwent follow-up colonoscopy after right-sided colon resection, which was performed for colon carcinoma. In the transverse colon, a flat polyp was detected. After performing the lifting procedure, a polypectomy was carried out using a snare. Immediately after polypectomy, a transmural iatrogenic perforation was observed (Fig. 1 a).

The investigator immediately tried to close the perforation by applying an OTSC, using the standard procedure that involves suctioning the defect to ensure correct clip positioning. After releasing the OTSC, the small intestine was seen in the colonic lumen, with the clip fixed around it (Fig. 1 b, Video 1). The investigator immediately tried to close the perforation by applying an OTSC, using the standard procedure that involves suctioning the defect to ensure correct clip positioning. After releasing the OTSC, the small intestine was seen in the colonic lumen, with the clip fixed around it (Fig. 1 b, Video 1).

The patient was transferred to the surgical department for laparotomy 2 hours after the perforation event. During laparotomy, the livid color of the jejunum wall could be seen where the OTSC had grasped the small intestine. The intestinal lumen was occluded completely (Fig. 2 a). The OTSC was released using a side cutter,

Fig. 1 Closure of an iatrogenic colonic perforation using an over-the-scope clip (OTSC). a Iatrogenic transmural perforation defect (iP) of the colon after polypectomy. The small intestine (J) can be seen through the defect. b An attempt to close the perforation using an OTSC (O) resulted in the small intestine (J) being grasped by the clip.

Fig. 2 Laparotomy was carried out to release the small intestine (J) from the over-the-scope clip (OTSC). a The intestinal lumen was occluded by the OTSC. b After removing the OTSC, the small intestine was inspected for damage. The arrows show the area that had been grasped by the clip.
and the incarcerated small intestine recovered well within minutes (Fig. 2b). No transmural defect of the wall was seen, and therefore resection or suturing was not required. In the transverse colon, a defect of 3 cm in diameter was found (Fig. 3), relating to the original colonic perforation; the colon segment was resected.

We conclude that use of the OTSC closure technique is limited by the size of the intestinal defect. When a large perforation occurs into the abdominal cavity, caution is required to avoid suctioning the small intestine into the OTSC. Using a twin grasper might be a safer placing technique for OTSCs in this case. Surgical treatment should take place without delay if there is any doubt about the adequacy of a leakage closure, in order to prevent further severe complications.

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_CPL_1AJ_2AC

Competing interests: None

Gunnar Loske1, Tobias Schorsch1, Emmerich Daseking1, Eckard Martens2, Christian Theodor Müller1

1 Department for General, Abdominal, Thoracic and Vascular Surgery, Katholisches Marienkrankenhaus Hamburg gGmbH, Hamburg, Germany
2 Department for Medical Oncology and Hematology, Gastroenterology and Infectious Diseases, Katholisches Marienkrankenhaus Hamburg gGmbH, Hamburg, Germany

References

Bibliography
DOI http://dx.doi.org/10.1055/s-0041-110594

Corresponding author
Gunnar Loske, MD
Department for General, Abdominal, Thoracic and Vascular Surgery, Katholisches Marienkrankenhaus Hamburg gGmbH Alfredstr. 9
22087 Hamburg Germany
Fax: +49-40-25461400
Loske.chir@marienkrankenhaus.org

Loske Gunnar et al. Small intestine inadvertently grasped by over-the-scope-clip... Endoscopy 2016; 48: E26–E27