Electrophilic Amination of Diorganozinc Reagents
Using N-Hydroxylamine Benzoates

Significance: In 2004, Berman and Johnson developed the first electrophilic amination of N-hydroxylamine benzoates using diorganozinc reagents in the presence of \([\text{Cu(OTf)}_2]_2\cdot\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\). This umpolung-type reaction allowed access to a broad range of highly functionalized secondary and tertiary amines under mild conditions.

Comment: The outstanding performance of N-hydroxylamine benzoates as electrophilic nitrogen sources has inspired various following publications, opening up new opportunities for amination reactions. Based on experimental studies, the authors excluded an oxidative addition/reductive elimination pathway and proposed a \(S_N2\)-type pathway. For further insights into electrophilic aminations based on this pioneering work, see: Synthesis 2011, 24, 3954–3964.