S298 Skull Base: Operative Videos



Resection of a Dumbbell Skull Base Meningioma by a Combined Two-Staged Retrosigmoid and Transzygomatic Transcavernous Approach

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| Neurol Surg B 2019;80(suppl S3):S298-S299.

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Abstract

This case describes a 32-year-old male with 2 months of headache accompanied with slight right-hand hemiparesis. During a physical examination, he was also detected left facial hypoesthesia. An enhanced magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) showed a large size lesion on the region of the left cerebellopontine angle, with large displacement of the brainstem and cerebellum. The tumor extended to the cavum of Meckel, displacing and pushing the left cavernous sinus upward. After analyzing the anatomical characteristics of the tumor, surgery was decided in two steps. Since the symptoms were mostly produced by the tumor part located in the posterior fossa, a decision was made to first resect that part of the tumor. With the patient in a semisitting position, we performed a left retrosigmoid craniotomy, exposing the transverse and sigmoid sinus edges. Using microsurgical technique, and ultrasonic aspirator, the complete removal of the lesion located in the posterior fossa was achieved. The patient presented a very good postoperative period, without a new neurological deficit. A month after the surgery, the patient no longer suffered from headaches or hemiparesis, but continued the left facial hypoesthesia. The pathology reported clear cell meningioma. Another month later, a transcygomatic approach plus peeling of the cavernous sinus was performed with the patient in the supine position and head rotated to the right side. Spinal drainage was previously placed. The total resection of the tumor was achieved without any surgical complication. The patient presented an excellent postoperative condition without new neurological deficit. The pathologist

gomatic confirmed the diagnosis of clear cell meningioma.

The link to the Video can be found at: https://youtu.be/SmRy5HiJYJI.

Keywords

- cavernous sinus
- cerebellopontine angle
- ► meningioma
- retrosigmoid approach
- ► skull base
- transzygomatic approach

Conflict of Interest None.

published online November 21, 2018



 received
 DOI https://doi.org/

 April 16, 2018
 10.1055/s-0038-1675173.

 accepted after revision
 ISSN 2193-6331.

 August 19, 2018
 ISSN 2193-6331.

www.thieme.com/skullbasevideos

www.thieme.com/jnlsbvideos

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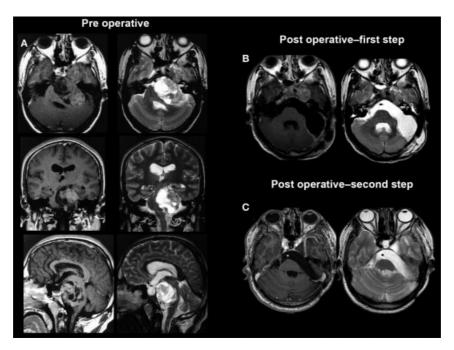


Fig. 1 (A) Axial, coronal, and sagittal preoperative images in enhanced T1 and T2 sequences, showing a well-defined lesion located in the left cerebellopontine angle and left cavernous sinus. (B) Postoperative axial images after resection of the lesion in the posterior fossa. (C) Postoperative axial images after resection of the tumor in the cavernous sinus.

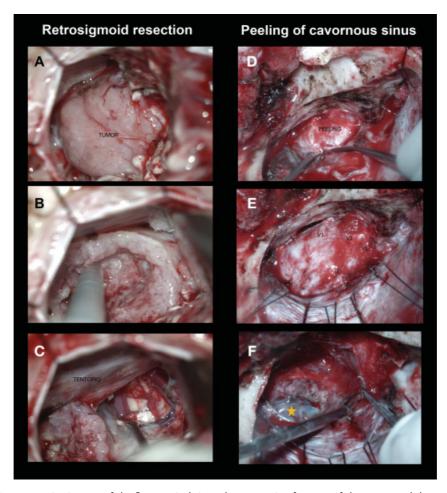


Fig. 2 (A, B, and C) Intraoperative images of the first surgical time, demonstrating features of the tumor and the surgical technique. (D, E, and F) The peeling of the cavernous sinus, and the relation of the tumor with the trigeminal nerve.