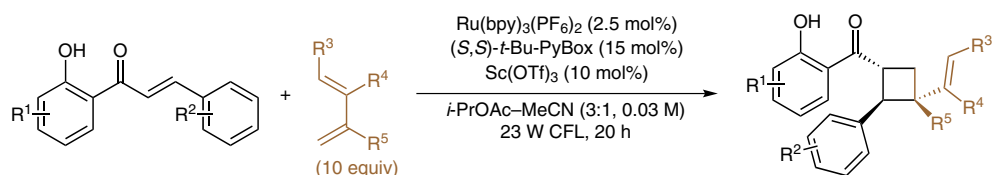
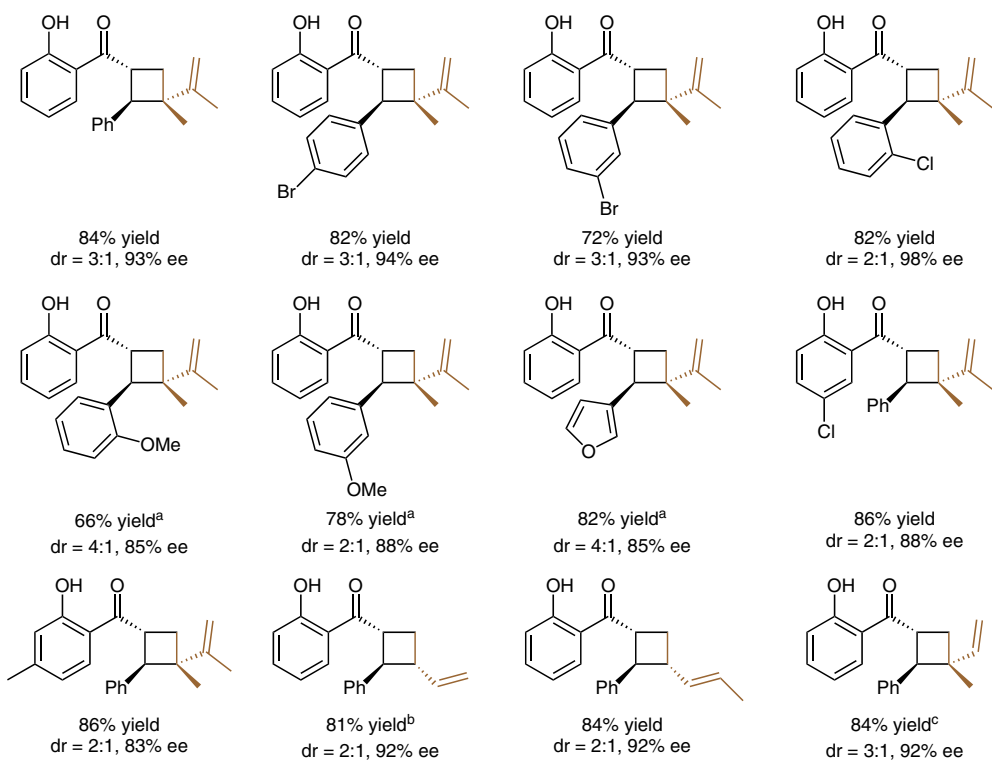


Ruthenium-Catalyzed Asymmetric Photocycloaddition of 2'-Hydroxychalcones



Selected examples:



^a Irradiation with a blue LED lamp instead of a 23 W CFL bulb (irradiation time: 2 h).

^b Irradiation time: 40 h. ^c Isolated as a 6:1 mixture of regioisomers.

Significance: A chiral scandium–ligand complex was shown to catalyze triplet energy transfer from an electronically excited photosensitizer. This strategy can be applied to the asymmetric [2+2] photocycloaddition of 2'-hydroxychalcones and dienes with tris(bipyridyl)ruthenium(II) as a sensitizer.

Comment: This protocol permits ready access to chiral [2+2] cycloadducts bearing three contiguous stereocenters in good yields and with high enantioselectivities. Several lines of evidence support a mechanism in which the coordination of the scandium catalyst dramatically lowers the triplet energy of the 2'-hydroxychalcone.