A 60-year-old man was referred complaining of dysphagia, retrosternal pain, and regurgitation after each meal over the previous 6 years, his symptoms having worsened in the previous year. He was diagnosed with achalasia following examination that included an esophagography (Fig. 1). We treated him by performing peroral endoscopic myotomy (POEM) [1].

With the patient under general anesthesia and in the supine position, a submucosal cushion was created on the anterior esophageal wall (2 o’clock position) using a mixture of glycerol solution and 0.01% epinephrine with indigo carmine, after a vertical mucosal incision had been made with a triangular tip knife (KD640L; Olympus Optical). A gastroscope was subsequently inserted into the submucosal space, and dissection was performed to create a submucosal tunnel that extended 3 cm beyond the esophagogastric junction (Fig. 2a, Fig. 2b). We subsequently performed selective myotomy of the inner circular muscle from the esophagus to the gastric cardia (Fig. 2c). Neither remark-
able bleeding nor a large vessel requiring further coagulation was encountered. We did however observe mucosal ischemic changes on the gastric cardia 1 hour after the submucosal tunnel had been created (Fig. 2d), by which time we had completed the succeeding myotomy and closed the mucosal entry with clips. We administered intravenous broad spectrum antibiotics and a proton pump inhibitor to the fasting patient. After a further esophagography revealed no signs of perforation and his vital signs were stable, the patient resumed his diet without sequelae. A second-look endoscopy performed 1 month later revealed healing mucosa in the area of the previous lesion (Fig. 3). We suggest that injury to the vessel supplying blood to the gastric cardia during submucosal tunneling in addition to the effect of the epinephrine likely resulted in acute mucosal ischemia. Although this is a rare adverse event, an endoscopist should avoid extending dissection in the submucosal layer and unnecessarily coagulating visible vessels during POEM.

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