Transoral endoscopic surgical resection of a giant pedunculated polyp

Large pedunculated fibrovascular polyps are uncommon, mostly benign, intraluminal masses, which are usually located in the upper esophageal tract [1]. The most frequently reported clinical manifestation is dysphagia, followed by regurgitation, chest pain, and intestinal bleeding. Computed tomography (CT) scanning and magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) are key in the diagnostic work-up, revealing a sausage-shaped intraluminal mass. Endoscopy with ultrasonography and biopsy add important information for the diagnosis and pedicle location.

Surgical excision is deemed appropriate because of the potentially life-threatening complication of airway obstruction [2]. Polyp resection is most often performed through cervical esophagotomy or by proceeding directly to esophagectomy [3]; however, these approaches are associated with high morbidity and mortality rates. Very few excisions using an endoscopic approach have been reported in the literature, but the reported postoperative complications are lower [4].

● Video 1 shows the surgical steps in the transoral endoscopic surgical resection of a giant (23-cm) pedunculated polyp in a 43-year-old man (● Fig. 1). The procedure was performed with the patient under general anesthesia. A flexible endoscope probe was used and the distal end of the polyp was extracted through the oral cavity with a loop. The Endo-GIA stapler (Covidien) was used to cut the base of polyp, which was then finally removed (● Fig. 2). Histopathology confirmed the diagnosis of a fibrovascular polyp with no evidence of malignancy. The patient made an uneventful recovery and has had no recurrence after almost 3 years of follow up. This minimally invasive approach is a safe and feasible procedure to treat large esophageal fibrovascular polyps, avoiding the complications associated with more aggressive procedures.

Competing interests: None

Emilio Vicente1, Yolanda Quijano1, Benedetto Ielpo1, Hipolito Duran1, Eduardo Diaz1, Susana Prados2, Diego Juzgado3

1 General Surgery Department, Madrid Norte Sanchinarro San Pablo University Hospital, Madrid, Spain
2 Endoscopy Department, Madrid Norte Sanchinarro San Pablo University Hospital, Madrid, Spain
3 Endoscopy Department, Quirón Salud, Pozuelo, Spain

Video 1

The surgical steps in transoral endoscopic surgical resection of a giant (23-cm) pedunculated polyp.
References

Bibliography
DOI http://dx.doi.org/10.1055/s-0034-1393157
Endoscopy 2015; 47: E499–E500
© Georg Thieme Verlag KG
Stuttgart · New York
ISSN 0013-726X

Corresponding author
Benedetto Ielpo, MD
Madrid Norte Sanchinarro San Pablo
University Hospital
General Surgery Department
Calle Oña 10
28050 Madrid
Spain
Fax: +34-91-7188733
ielpo.b@gmail.com