Fine-needle aspiration of a retropharyngeal lymph node guided by endoscopic ultrasonography

Recently, we developed a novel, minimally invasive technique – endoscopic ultrasonography-guided fine-needle aspiration (EUS-FNA) via the nasopharynx – to obtain tissue samples from a retropharyngeal lymph node (RPLN) in a patient with suspected recurrence of nasopharyngeal carcinoma [1]. A schematic diagram of EUS-FNA of a retropharyngeal lymph node (RPLN) in a 50-year-old patient with suspected recurrence of nasopharyngeal carcinoma is shown in Fig. 1a. In April 2015, a 50-year-old man who had received chemoradiotherapy for nasopharyngeal carcinoma 2 years earlier was admitted to the Sun Yat-sen University Cancer Center. Magnetic resonance imaging displayed an enlarged RPLN on the right side, 2.0×1.6cm in size and with central enhancement on T1-weighted contrast-enhanced imaging (Fig. 1b) [2]. Nasopharyngoscopy revealed nasopharyngeal mucosal roughness and local scarring, are seen on nasopharyngoscopy. An enlarged retropharyngeal lymph node (RPLN), which is roughly round and hypoechoic, is visualized by EUS. The mass is adjacent to the carotid sheath, which contains the internal carotid artery (ICA) and internal jugular vein (IGV). Under real-time EUS, and biopsy tissue is obtained by EUS-FNA. A squamous cell carcinoma nest is visualized in a biopsy specimen from the retropharyngeal lymph node. Consequently, recurrence of nasopharyngeal carcinoma is confirmed.

**Fig. 1**  
- **a** Schematic diagram of endoscopic ultrasound-guided fine-needle aspiration (EUS-FNA) of a retropharyngeal lymph node (RPLN) in a 50-year-old patient with suspected recurrence of nasopharyngeal carcinoma. The EUS needle is introduced into the nasopharynx, and sampling through the nasopharynx under EUS guidance provides the shortest puncture path and avoids several crucial tissues and organs.  
- **b** T1-weighted contrast-enhanced magnetic resonance imaging shows an enlarged retropharyngeal lymph node (RPLN) in a patient with suspected recurrence of nasopharyngeal carcinoma.  
- **c** Post-radiotherapy changes, with nasopharyngeal mucosal roughness and local scarring, are seen on nasopharyngoscopy.  
- **d** An enlarged retropharyngeal lymph node (RPLN), which is roughly round and hypoechoic, is visualized by EUS. The mass is adjacent to the carotid sheath, which contains the internal carotid artery (ICA) and internal jugular vein (IGV).  
- **e** Procedure of EUS-FNA in a retropharyngeal lymph node (RPLN). The needle penetrates the RPLN while visualized and monitored by real-time EUS, and biopsy tissue is obtained by EUS-FNA.  
- **f** A squamous cell carcinoma nest is visualized in a biopsy specimen from the retropharyngeal lymph node. Consequently, recurrence of nasopharyngeal carcinoma is confirmed.
was repeated three times and lasted for a total of approximately 20 minutes [4]. The procedure of EUS-FNA of an RPLN is shown in Video 1. The EUS-FNA procedure was conducted smoothly without any severe complication, such as bleeding, subcutaneous emphysema, choking, dyspnea, extremity paralysis, or hemiplegia. The pathological result confirmed the presence of squamous cell metastases in the RPLN (Fig. 1f) [5].

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References

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