An unusual pancreatic lesion causing biliary obstruction and duodenal invasion

An 84-year-old woman was admitted with melena. She had had an enlarging pancreatic mass 2 years earlier requiring endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP) with sphincterotomy and biliary metal stent placement. Her current presentation included melena for 1 week. She did not have any pain, nausea, vomiting, abdominal fullness or weight loss. Vital signs were within normal limits. On physical examination, mild epigastric tenderness was present. Laboratory studies revealed hemoglobin of 6.6 g/dL, a normal comprehensive metabolic profile, and normal serum lipase. Computed tomography (CT) imaging revealed a 10.9 × 8.2 cm complex heterogeneously enhancing cystic pancreatic head mass with multiple internal septations (Fig. 1a). CT angiography reconstruction imaging showed a large hyper-vascular pancreatic lesion.

Computed tomography angiography reconstruction imaging showed a large hyper-vascular pancreatic lesion. The patient was diagnosed with serous cystadenoma of the pancreas, although evolution to cystadenocarcinoma could not be excluded. Prophylactic embolization of the gastroduodenal and inferior pancreaticoduodenal arteries was performed. The patient was doing well at the time of last follow-up.

Serous cystadenomas are benign tumors and represent about 30% of primary cystic neoplasms of the pancreas [1]. While some patients are asymptomatic at the time of diagnosis, most present with abdominal pain, abdominal fullness/mass, jaundice or weight loss [2]. Duodenal wall invasion with erosion and bleeding as seen in our case is a rare presentation of this benign lesion. A high degree of diagnostic reliability is crucial in differentiating serous cystadenoma from serous cystadenocarcinoma, mucinous cystadenoma, intraductal papillary mucinous neoplasms, or a pancreatic pseudocyst. CT imaging, abdominal ultrasonography, and endoscopic ultrasound are usually diagnostically sufficient although cyst fluid analysis can be helpful [2].

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_CCL_1AB_2AZ_3AD

Competing interests: None

Jatinder Goyal1, Frederick Weber2, Shajan Peter2

1 Department of Medicine, University of Alabama at Birmingham, Birmingham, United States
2 Department of Gastroenterology, University of Alabama at Birmingham, Birmingham, United States
References


Bibliography

DOI http://dx.doi.org/10.1055/s-0034-1377944
Endoscopy 2015; 47: E55–E56
© Georg Thieme Verlag KG
Stuttgart · New York
ISSN 0013-726X

Corresponding author
Shajan Peter, MD
Department of Gastroenterology
Basil Hirschowitz Endoscopic Centre of Endoscopic Excellence
University of Alabama
6th Floor Jefferson Tower
625 19th Street South
Birmingham
AL 35249
United States
Fax: +1-205-934-9645
jatinaims@gmail.com