A simple ex vivo pig stomach model for learning endoscopic submucosal dissection

Endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) is an accepted technique for the resection of early neoplasia of the luminal gastro-intestinal tract. ESD is a routine procedure in many Asian countries [1], however, its utility is now being recognized worldwide [2]. It is an advanced endoscopic technique with a steep learning curve [3]. Training in animal models is thought to improve technical skills and result in a rapid progression in the learning process for various advanced endoscopic procedures including endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography, hemostasis, endoscopic mucosal resection, and ESD [4]. Most models used at the present time are not widely available and are cumbersome to use. Herein we present an ex vivo pig stomach model which we have used to perform ESD and other advanced endoscopic procedures (Fig. 1). Video 1 shows the key aspects of this model. A hole is made in one of the sides of a plastic box and a syringe is placed in the hole and used to simulate the mouth and esophagus (a “pseudoesophagus”). The pig’s stomach placed inside the box is then attached to the syringe using a zip tie and sutures through which the scope and ESD accessories are introduced. Target lesions for resection are produced and the ESD procedure is conducted according to established standards. We recommend that, at an initial stage, the basic movements and techniques of ESD should be learned in ex vivo models, as these are potentially widely available, inexpensive, and mimic human anatomy reliably [5].

Competing interests: None

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