Acute suppurative pancreatic ductitis associated with pancreatic duct obstruction

A 70-year-old man with abdominal pain and high fever was referred to our hospital because of suspected branch duct intraductal papillary mucinous neoplasm and pancreatolithiasis. Laboratory results showed a total bilirubin of 4.7 mg/dL, slight elevation in the serum pancreatic enzyme level and marked elevation in the serum C-reactive protein level and white blood cell count. Plain computed tomography (CT) showed mild swelling of the pancreas and a 10-mm calcified stone in the head of the pancreas (Fig. 1). Due to the presence of obstructive cholangitis and pancreatitis, endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography was carried out for drainage. When a catheter was inserted in the papilla of Vater, there was discharge of a large amount of pus mixed with pancreatic juice (Fig. 2). The pancreatic juice was purulent (Fig. 3, left tube), but the bile was normal (right tube).

A cannula was inserted deep into the common bile duct and the pancreatic duct, and bile and pancreatic juice were aspirated, respectively. The pancreatic juice was purulent (left tube), but the bile was normal (right tube).

Weinman [1] reported the first case of ASPD characterized by purulent discharge. Acute suppurative cholangitis due to biliary ductal obstruction is a common disease, but there have been only a few reported cases of ASPD [2,3]. Drainage of the pancreatic duct is quite effective for relief of ASPD. Therefore an endoscopist should keep in mind the possibility of ASPD in cases suspected of having suppurative cholangitis.

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_CCL_1AZ_2AM

Competing interests: None

Department of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, Osaka University Graduate School of Medicine, Osaka, Japan

References
1 Weinman DS. Acute suppuration of the pancreatic duct. Gastrointest Endosc 1995; 41: 268–270

Bibliography
DOI http://dx.doi.org/10.1055/s-0032-1326450
Endoscopy 2013; 45: E135
© Georg Thieme Verlag KG Stuttgart · New York
ISSN 0013-726X

Corresponding author
T. Takehara, MD, PhD
Department of Gastroenterology and Hepatology Clinical Research Building Osaka University Graduate School of Medicine 2-2 Yamadaoka, Suita Osaka 565-0871 Japan
Fax: +81-6-6879-3629 takehara@gh.med.osaka-u.ac.jp

Fujinaga T et al. Acute suppurative pancreatic ductitis... Endoscopy 2013; 45: E135