Successful treatment with an over-the-scope clip of Dieulafoy’s gastric lesion resistant to conventional endoscopic treatment

Dieulafoy’s lesion is a rare vascular abnormality in which a minute mucosal defect in an ectatic submucosal artery can be the cause of massive gastrointestinal hemorrhage [1].

A 69-year-old woman with history of hypothyroidism attended our endoscopic unit because of an episode of melena. Blood examination showed hemoglobin 7.0 g/dL and an esophagogastroduodenoscopy (EGD) was carried out, which showed a Dieulafoy’s bleeding lesion in the proximal third of the posterior wall of the gastric body. The lesion was treated with epinephrine injection and application of two metallic clips. The patient also received blood transfusion and 2 days after the endoscopic procedure she was discharged. However, the patient attended the emergency room 3 days later because of a new episode of melena and blood examination showed hemoglobin 7.1 g/dL. After three blood transfusions the patient underwent a second EGD, which completely stopped the bleeding (Video 1). Because of her poor clinical condition, the patient was transferred to the intensive care unit, and 3 days later another EGD was carried out, which confirmed correct placement of the OTSC. After 7 days the patient was discharged and at the 30-day endoscopic follow-up, the clip was still in place and the patient in good clinical condition.

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_TTT_1AO_2AD

Competing interests: None

Video 1

Application of an over-the-scope clip (OTSC) in a 69-year-old woman with an actively bleeding Dieulafoy’s lesion.