Varicella zoster gastritis in an immunocompetent adult woman

A 42-year-old Korean woman presented to the emergency room with severe epigastric pain and anorexia lasting for 7 days. She had developed a papulovesicular skin rash that began on the trunk and then spread to the face and limbs, accompanied by 3 days of fever and myalgia, 7 days prior to presentation. The woman had been diagnosed with chickenpox and treated with intravenous acyclovir (started on the first day of skin eruption) for 7 days at an outside clinic. Her medical history was not significant for immune abnormalities, disruption of mucosal integrity, or immunosuppressant medication, including non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs. Her vital signs were stable and an abdominal and chest examination normal except for the generalized papular rash that had crusted over (Fig. 1). Laboratory tests and a simple abdominal X-ray were normal. Upper gastrointestinal endoscopy revealed multiple round to oval discrete erosive lesions, approximately 0.3–0.8 cm in size, with slightly raised erythematous margins, involving the whole antrum, the lesser curvature side of the mid-body, and the fundus (Fig. 2). A rapid urease test for Helicobacter pylori was negative.

The patient was treated only with an oral proton pump inhibitor, and the acyclovir was discontinued. Histopathological examination of the biopsy specimen was suggestive of non-specific acute gastritis without inclusion bodies (Fig. 3). However, polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for varicella zoster virus was positive, but culture was negative (Fig. 4). Follow-up endoscopy performed 1 week later showed marked improvement compared with the initially examined lesions, with symptom resolution. Follow-up endoscopy performed 2 months later showed normalization of the gastric mucosa.

Varicella zoster gastritis in immunocompromised patients is rare, and has never before been reported in an immunocompetent adult. This is the first reported case of PCR-proven varicella zoster gastritis in an immunocompetent adult woman [1–3].

Fig. 1  Trunk appearance showing a generalized papular rash that had crusted over.

Fig. 2  Endoscopic findings showing: a multiple round to oval discrete erosive lesions, approximately 0.5 cm in size, with erythematous margins, involving the whole antrum; b multiple round to oval confluent erosive lesions, approximately 0.8 cm in size, with erythematous margins, on the lesser curvature side of the distal antrum; c an approximately 0.3 × 0.8-cm, ovoid, discrete erosive lesion with slightly raised erythematous margins, on the lesser curvature side of the mid-body; d two approximately 0.3 × 0.5-cm, ovoid, discrete erosive lesions with slightly raised erythematous margins, at the fundus.

Competing interests: None

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