Endoloop ligation (“loop-and-let-go”) of a large ileal lipoma by balloon-assisted enteroscopy

A 72-year-old man presented to our gastroenterology outpatient clinic with chronic abdominal pain, bloating, and past episodes of transient small-bowel obstruction. A computed tomography (CT) enterogram revealed a large, pedunculated subepithelial polyp in the distal ileum (Fig. 1).

A decision was made to proceed to endoscopic treatment of the polyp because of its dimensions and the obstructive symptoms it was causing. Ileal intubation was achieved using a SIF-Q180 enteroscope (Olympus Medical Systems, Tokyo, Japan) and a subepithelial, pedunculated, yellow tumor with an endoscopic appearance compatible with a lipoma was identified in the distal ileum (Fig. 1). A 30-mm Endoloop (MAJ-254; Olympus) was tightened around the tumor base until there was evidence of mucosal congestion (Fig. 2; Video 1). A second enteroscopy was performed 4 weeks later, which confirmed that the polyp had been completely resected (Fig. 3). Both the procedures were completed without any immediate complications. The patient remains asymptomatic over 12 months later.

Endoloop ligation of subepithelial lesions presents an attractive technique because of the slow transection of the stalk of the polyp, which averts the risk of bowel perforation. The main caveat is that in most cases specimen retrieval is not possible.

References

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Corresponding author
R. Veloso, MD
Centro Hospitalar Vila Nova Gaia – Gastroenterology
Rua Conceicao Fernandes
Vila Nova de Gaia 4434-502
Portugal
Fax: +351-22-7865100
ricveloso@gmail.com

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