Endoscopic vacuum-assisted therapy (EVAT) is a reliable treatment for endoscopically accessible abscesses and was recently described in the management of infected pancreatic pseudocyst (IPC) [1–4]. EVAT when performed in the region of the celiac trunk and portal venous system has, in theory, a higher risk of bleeding than when performed in other regions of the body. We treated a woman who had sepsis due to an IPC, chronic pancreatitis, and pronounced gastric varices by EVAT, but with a coated sponge.

The treatment was generally performed as previously described [4]. After 1 week of endoscopic therapy the cyst was free of necrosis and we started EVAT. We adjusted the size of the sponge according to the local topography and wrapped the Endo-SPONGE (B. Braun, Melsungen, Germany) in one layer of Suprasorb CNP Drainage Film (Lohmann & Rauscher, Vienna, Austria), a double-layered film for vacuum therapy of wounds (Fig. 1 and Fig. 2) [5]. This set is not commercially available. Secretions were continuously evacuated with a suction of 120 mm Hg (16kPa). We replaced the coated Endo-SPONGE system on the third day and finished EVAT on the seventh day.

The extraction of the wrapped Endo-SPONGE system was, compared with the extraction of a pure sponge, easier, with less pulling force (Fig. 3). The transgastric access into the cyst was also smoother and less bloody (Fig. 4). On the seventh day of EVAT the pseudocyst was resolved. Finally we closed the gastroduodenal fistula with metallic clips and one Endoloop (Olympus, Tokyo, Japan) (Fig. 5).

No complications occurred during therapy and within 6 months after therapy. The treatment of IPC was completed during a single hospital stay.

In our opinion the coated sponge is an improvement in EVAT of infected pancreatic pseudocyst, because it simplifies the extraction of the Endo-SPONGE system and reduces the bleeding risk.

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