A 52-year-old man with a 1-year history of lower abdominal pain and constipation was referred to our unit for endoscopic resection of a large lipoma in the ascending colon, which had been detected by abdominal computed tomography (CT). Colonoscopy revealed a 50-mm, subepithelial, broad-based, polypoid mass in the ascending colon (Fig. 1). Using an electrocautery snare, we transected the upper third of the mass to unroof the lesion (Fig. 2). Fat was observed extruding from the cut surface, consistent with the diagnostic hypothesis (Fig. 3). There were no procedure-related complications. Histopathologic examination of the excised specimen confirmed the diagnosis of a lipoma. A follow-up endoscopy 1 month later showed a small ulcer in involution at the resection site (Fig. 4), which was completely scarred 3 months later, with no evidence of residual lipoma (Fig. 5).

Colonic lipomas are benign, submucosal tumors [1]. Although most colonic lipomas remain asymptomatic and need no treatment, large lipomas can cause symptoms such as abdominal pain, change in bowel habits, bleeding, and intussusception, and should be removed, preferably endoscopically [1]. Various endoscopic techniques have been used in the treatment of large colonic lipomas, which include snare resection following endoscopic clipping, looping or injection of the base, endoscopic loop ligation, and endoscopic submucosal dissection [1–3]. The unroofing technique cuts off only the upper half of the lipoma, while the remaining adipose tissue is rapidly and completely extruded from the open surface [4, 5]. Therefore, this is a simple technique that allows both histological confirmation and complete treatment with minimal risk of perforation [4, 5]. Nevertheless, there are only two case reports of endoscopic resection of lipomas in the duodenum by this technique [4, 5]. To the best of our knowledge, this is the first report of the endoscopic resection of a lipoma in the colon using this technique.

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_TTT_1AQ_2AD

Competing interests: None

J.-B. Soares, R. Gonçalves, C. Rolanda
Gastroenterology Department of Braga Hospital, Braga, Portugal

References
1 Matsushita M, Danbara N, Kawamata S et al. Endoscopic removal of large colonic lipomas: difficult submucosal dissection or easy snare unroofing? Endoscopy 2009; 41: 475; author reply 475
3 Koo J, Kaffes A. Endoscopic resection of large colonic lipomas assisted by a prototype single-use Endoloop device. Endoscopy 2006; 38: 644–647

Bibliography
Endoscopy 2011; 43: E407 © Georg Thieme Verlag KG Stuttgart · New York · ISSN 0013-726X

Corresponding author
J.-B. Soares, MD
Gastroenterology Department of Braga Hospital
Sete Fontes, S. Victor
4701-243 Braga
Portugal
jbrunosoares@yahoo.com