Endoscopic retrieval of a distally migrated stent using detachable snares

We herein report an endoscopic method utilizing detachable snares for the safe removal of dislodged esophageal metal stents.

A 63-year-old man was diagnosed as having carcinoma of the gastroesophageal junction in 2008. Staging computed tomography (CT) confirmed hepatic and pulmonary metastases. The patient was initially treated with palliative chemotherapy, and, in 2009, a self-expandable metal esophageal stent was inserted for the worsening dysphagia. In January 2010, the patient presented with repeated vomiting and intolerance to oral intake. An abdominal X-ray showed stent dislodgment within the stomach shadow (Fig. 1).

EsophagogastrosCOPY revealed a partially obstructing, 9-cm long tumor at the esophagogastric junction, through which the endoscope passed with difficulty. The previously inserted stent was visualized within the stomach (Fig. 2). Detachable snares were applied to collapse the migrated stent inside the stomach (Fig. 3a), and a new covered metallic stent was inserted at the tumor site. After 5 days, repeat endoscopy showed the new esophageal stent had fully deployed. The dislodged stent in the stomach was further reduced in size with detachable snares (Fig. 3b).

It was then drawn into the new stent using two endograsping forceps and the whole complex was retrieved orally under fluoroscopy monitoring (Fig. 4).

Migration of SEMS has a reported incidence of up to 12% after stent insertion [1]. Extraction of the migrated stent is advocated due to the potential risks of bleeding and bowel perforation and obstruction [2]. However, endoscopic retrieval of a stent can be technically difficult in patients with obstructing esophageal tumors and is associated with the risk of tumor laceration, bleeding, and esophageal perforation. Collapsing the migrated stent by using detachable snares made retrieval relatively easy and safe in our patient.

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Competing interests: None
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References

Fig. 4 The dislodged stent after successful removal with multiple snares in situ.

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