In September 2009, a 43-year-old woman underwent colonoscopy for investigation of recurrent pain in the lower right abdominal quadrant. She also had recurrent diarrhea (three to four movements/day) with dark blood. After exclusion of intestinal infection and parasitic infestation, colonoscopy with retrograde ileoscopy was carried out. Endoscopy showed normal appearance of the colon and the last 20 cm of the ileum, however, the mucosa in the periappendiceal region and appendiceal foramen was inflamed, with diffuse erosions and complete loss of the vascular pattern (Fig. 1).

The cecal mucosa was normal, with no lesions and a normal vascular pattern (Fig. 1). Histological examination revealed massive transmucosal lymphomonocytic and granulocytic infiltrates, extending into the submucosal layer. Glandular distortion, lymphoid follicles, and noncaseous granulomas were also present (Fig. 2).

The histological specimens from the terminal ileum and from other colonic regions were normal. The patient also underwent small-bowel video capsule endoscopy but this did not reveal any lesion in the ileum. On the other hand, intestinal ultrasound and abdominal computed tomography confirmed the presence of inflammation limited to the appendiceal region. A diagnosis of Crohn’s appendicitis was therefore proposed. The patient was successfully treated with budesonide 9 mg/day, with complete disappearance of the symptoms within 2 weeks. At present (November 2009) the patient is still under treatment with budesonide 6 mg/day, and she remains symptom-free.

Isolated appendicitis is a rare presentation of Crohn’s disease [1]. In most cases the terminal ileum, or at least the cecal region, is also involved [2]. This disease should be suspected in patients with recurrent bloody stools with normal appearance of the colon, and colonoscopy may be helpful in detecting appendiceal and periappendiceal lesions [3].

References

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