Impacted sharp foreign bodies in the gastrointestinal tract can be very difficult to manage, with different methods described in literature for their safe removal [1–4]. With the flexible endoscope, a foreign-body protector hood or overtube is generally used to protect the esophagus when removing a sharp foreign body. However, the size of the overtube precludes removal of foreign body more than 16.7 mm in size. This report illustrates an unusual modification of a commercial overtube in order to facilitate the safe withdrawal of a sharp foreign body that would not otherwise have been possible with the standard equipment available.

A 26-year-old female was admitted to our hospital after swallowing a razor blade. Her past medical history was significant for bipolar disorder and prior exploratory laparoscopy for removal of ingested foreign bodies. The razor blade was visualized in the distal esophagus on esophago-duodenoscopy and easily grasped, but was larger than the 16.7-mm-internal-diameter tapered end of the US Endoscopy Guardus overtube (US Endoscopy, Mentor, Ohio, USA) (Fig. 1). The patient was taken to the operating room, where a plain film showed that the razor blade had migrated to the stomach. A decision was made to incise the distal 2-mm tapered end of the overtube and to flatten the distal 3 cm of the overtube in order to allow the razor blade to be pulled into the overtube (Fig. 2).

The modified overtube was backloaded over the scope and introduced into the stomach where the razor blade was pulled into the overtube and removed successfully. Re-endoscopy showed no evidence of laceration in the esophagus. This modification of the overtube is safe, effective, and can be easily applied for removal of larger sharp foreign bodies without incurring any additional costs.

References

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