A novel triangle traction method using a clip-band traction device for endoscopic submucosal dissection of early gastric cancer involving the pyloric ring

Endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) for gastric cancer located in the pyloric ring is technically challenging due to the narrow working space and the difficulty in approaching the duodenal side. It is often arduous to observe the lesion entirely, resulting in decreased complete resection rates [1, 2]. Therefore, several ESD methods have been reported for the approach to gastric cancer near the pyloric ring [3–5].

Herein, we described a case of successful gastric ESD using a novel traction method that employs a clip-band traction device (▶Fig. 1a): the triangle traction method (▶Video 1). Mucosal incision and submucosal dissection were performed using a new electrosurgical knife capable of local injection without a separate injection needle (GoldKnife T-type 2.0 mm; MicroTech Co. Ltd, Nanjing, China) (▶Fig. 1b).

A 74-year-old woman presented with gastric adenocarcinoma (15 mm, type 0-IIc) located on the pyloric ring. After circumferential mucosal incision (▶Fig. 2a), a clip-band traction device (elastic traction device; Micro-Tech) was attached to the proximal and distal sides of the specimen using a reopenable clip (SureClip; Micro-Tech) to position the bridge (▶Fig. 2b,c). The clip grasped the second band, and the band was fixed to the normal mucosa of the anterior wall of the antrum for the most effective traction (▶Fig. 2d,e). Hence, the entire lesion was pulled out into the gastric lumen, and good visualization of the duodenal side was obtained. Complete en bloc resection was performed without adverse events.

In conclusion, the triangle traction method is a technique that forms a triangle with the bridge as the base and the second band fixed at the apex. This method can ensure a more extensive lift of the dissection plane than the simple traction method (▶Fig. 2f). This easy-to-use method involves clips and a clip-band...
traction device, and it can allow the direction of traction to be adjusted at will without the need to reinsert the endoscope. Our method thus enabled safe ESD for resection of gastric cancer located near the pyloric ring.

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Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

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