Traction-assisted circumferential endoscopic submucosal dissection of early esophageal squamous cell carcinoma, followed by metal stent insertion and fixation with a dedicated clip

Early esophageal squamous cell carcinoma (SCC) can be curatively resected by endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD), with R0 resection rates of up to 93.9% for early lesions [1]. It has significantly lower recurrence rates compared with piecemeal endoscopic mucosal resection [2]. ESD offers similar cure rates for early SCC to those achieved with surgery, but with significantly lower morbidity than esophagectomy [3]. However, ESD can be extremely technically challenging in patients with circumferential esophageal lesions, which often results in such patients being referred preferentially for surgery. Circumferential ESD is also associated with an almost 100% risk of stricture formation [4]. This video aims to illustrate techniques by which endoscopists can overcome both these challenges.

A 70-year-old man was referred for ESD of a circumferential esophageal SCC. Video 1 demonstrates the use of the clip-and-line traction technique to help expose the submucosal planes and aid orientation during circumferential resection (Fig. 1). One method of reducing stricture formation is placement of a prophylactic self-expandable metal stent (SEMS). The main limitation of using fully covered SEMSs is early stent migration; one way of preventing this is fixation of the stent in place either with clips or endoscopic suturing. Video 1 also illustrates the safety and feasibility of deploying a SEMS immediately after ESD and the use of a purpose-built over-the-scope Stentfix clip (Ovesco) to hold the stent in place and prevent migration (Fig. 2). The stent was removed 4 weeks later using the Ovesco remOVE system, which consists of a “cutter” operated by a DC impulse.
A follow-up endoscopy 4 weeks after stent removal demonstrated a re-epithelialized esophagus, with a clean scar and subtle narrowing that was easily traversed with an endoscope. We believe that this technique has the potential to become the new standard of care, if proven effective in a larger cohort of patients.

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Competing interests

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Bibliography