Successful endoscopic three-branch self-expandable metallic stent placement using a novel device delivery system for malignant hilar biliary stricture

Endoscopic bilateral drainage of high-grade hilar malignant biliary obstruction (HMBO) is technically challenging, even for experienced endoscopists [1]. A novel device delivery system was recently developed, originally intended for placement of a plastic stent in the bile duct. It comprises a slim-tip guide catheter (diameter 1.13 mm) and pusher tube, which facilitate the insertion of devices up to 1.9 mm in diameter [2–5]. We successfully placed an endoscopic three-branch self-expandable metallic stent (SEMS) using this novel device delivery system with partial stent-in-stent (SIS) for a patient with HMBO.

A 74-year-old man presented to our hospital with jaundice. Contrast-enhanced computed tomography showed that the hilar part of the tumor had spread to the umbilical portion of the portal vein with right hepatic artery involvement (▶Fig. 1). A cholangiogram showed hilar biliary stricture (Bismuth type IIIa) (▶Fig. 2). The pathological diagnosis with brush cytology was adenocarcinoma, so we planned multiple stenting using SEMSs with the SIS method. We placed the initial uncovered SEMS (10×80 mm, BileRush Selective; Piolax, Kanagawa, Japan) at the left bile duct and then inserted the second SEMS into the right posterior branch through the mesh. We sought the right anterior branch with a 0.025-inch hydrophilic guidewire (Radifocus; Terumo, Tokyo, Japan) and followed the tapered tip catheter (PR-220Q; Olympus Medical, Tokyo, Japan) after the guidewire, switching the hydrophilic guidewire to a 0.025-inch versatile guidewire (Endoselector; Boston Scientific, Tokyo, Japan). We inserted a third SEMS over the guidewire, but it could not be passed through the mesh (▶Fig. 3). We thus inserted the novel delivery system (EndoSheather; Piolax) over the guidewire, allowing smooth passage through the mesh (▶Fig. 4). After removing the inner catheter, we delivered the third metallic stent was placed through the outer sheath (arrow, tip of the stent; arrowhead, proximal side of the stent) (▶Fig. 5, ▶Video 1).
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Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

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