**Salvage technique for endoscopic stent removal using a thin-tipped balloon catheter during endoscopic ultrasound-guided hepaticoduodenostomy**

Endoscopic ultrasound-guided hepaticoduodenostomy (EUS-HDS) is sometimes performed for right intrahepatic duct drainage after failure of endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP) [1]. We experienced difficulty in removing a plastic stent, during EUS-HDS. Here, we describe a salvage technique for endoscopic stent removal using a thin-tipped balloon catheter during EUS-HDS.

A 34-year-old woman was admitted to our hospital for treatment of repeated cholangitis. She underwent surgery for congenital biliary dilatation in childhood, and Roux-en-Y reconstruction with hepaticojejunoanastomosis was performed. After surgery, she suffered from chronic repeated cholangitis because of anastomotic stenosis of the right intrahepatic duct (▶Fig. 1, ▶Fig. 2). ERCP using a single-balloon enteroscope failed. EUS-HDS was performed for the right intrahepatic duct. The bile duct was stiff because of repeated cholangitis; therefore, we used a 6-Fr wire-guided cautery dilator for dilation. We attempted to insert a 7-Fr plastic stent (Through and Pass; Gadelius Medical, Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan) but could not pass it through the bile duct wall due to insufficient dilation. We tried to remove the stent, but failed; the distal flap of the stent was hooked to the outer duodenal wall. Few methods for plastic stent removal during EUS-HDS while maintaining the guidewire have been reported. We elected to use a balloon catheter. The inner sheath of the stent was pulled out and a thin-tipped balloon catheter (4-mm-diameter REN; Kaneka Medical, Osaka, Japan) was inserted into the stent inside the scope channel. We inflated the balloon inside the stent and succeeded in inserting a 7-Fr plastic stent without complications. This salvage technique is useful because it removes the stent while maintaining the guidewire, and bile leakage can be avoided when narrowing of the bile duct following fistula dilation makes re-puncture of the duct difficult.

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**Competing interests**

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

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The distal flap of the stent was hooked to the outer wall of the duodenum.

Video 1 Salvage technique for endoscopic stent removal using a thin-tipped balloon catheter during endoscopic ultrasound-guided hepaticoduodenostomy.

References


Bibliography

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