Transpapillary removal of migrated magnets after magnetic compression biliary anastomosis

A 59-year-old man underwent orthotopic liver transplantation; liver re-transplantation was needed 24 hours later owing to primary liver failure. A large incisional hernia was repaired 5 years later. Increases in his liver function tests were noted 6 years later and magnetic resonance cholangiography showed an anastomotic biliary stricture. During endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP), it was impossible to pass beyond the anastomotic biliary stricture, even with the aid of cholangioscopy (SpyGlass DS; Boston Scientific, Natick, Massachusetts, USA). Percutaneous negotiation of the biliary stricture also failed despite cholangioscopy. After multidisciplinary discussion, surgery was considered too risky owing to the previous

▶ Fig. 1 Radiographic images showing: a the combined endoscopic and percutaneous insertion of two magnets to obtain recanalization of the anastomotic biliary stricture; b complete approximation of the magnets after 3 days; c proximal migration of the magnets on day 24.

▶ Fig. 2 The migrated magnets were attracted with the tip of a modified catheter so that they could be removed.

▶ Fig. 3 Photograph of the removed magnets showing corrosion on one side.
interventions and therefore magnetic compression anastomosis [1–4] was proposed: the patient signed a specific informed consent for compassionate use. The procedure involved the over-the-wire placement of two cylindrical (7×3 mm) neodymium magnets (Cibas Srl, Milan, Italy) with a combined endoscopic and percutaneous approach (Fig. 1a). After 3 days, the magnets were found to be approximated (Fig. 1b) and the patient was discharged with a 10-Fr external drain. He underwent radiography every 3–4 days to detect migration of the magnets and, after 24 days, proximal migration and recanalization of the anastomotic biliary stricture was found to have occurred (Fig. 1c). Removal of the magnets was not initially attempted owing to the tightness of the stricture and three plastic stents were placed. Magnet removal was subsequently planned 2 months later. Grasping with a Dormia basket was considered to be dangerous owing to the risk of impaction. A homemade, over-the-wire "magnet retrieval" system was therefore created by inserting a paperclip into the tip of a steerable ERCP catheter (Video 1). One magnet showed corrosion at one side (Fig. 3), but this was without clinical consequences. The anastomotic biliary stricture was fully dilated by the insertion of eight 10-Fr plastic stents.

Competing interests

Andrea Tringali is a consultant for Boston Scientific Corp. Ivo Boškoski is a consultant for Apollo Endosurgery, Cook Medical, and Boston Scientific Corp., he holds a research grant from Apollo Endosurgery, and is on the scientific board of EndoTools. Guido Costamagna is on the advisory board for Cook Medical, Olympus, and Ethicon, and holds a research grant from Boston Scientific Corp. and Apollo Endosurgery. The remaining authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

The authors

Andrea Tringali1,2, Vincenzo Perri1,3, Ivo Boškoski1,2, Alessandro Cina2, Guido Costamagna1,2

1 Digestive Endoscopy Unit, Fondazione Policlinico Universitario A. Gemelli IRCCS, Rome, Italy
2 Centre for Endoscopic Research Therapeutics and Training (CERTT), Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore, Rome, Italy
3 Radiology Department, Fondazione Policlinico Universitario A. Gemelli IRCCS, Rome, Italy

Corresponding author

Andrea Tringali, MD, PhD
Digestive Endoscopy Unit, Dipartimento Scienze Mediche e Chirurgiche, Fondazione Policlinico Universitario A. Gemelli IRCCS, Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore, Largo Agostino Gemelli, 8, 00168 Rome, Italy
andrea.tringali@unicatt.it

References


ENDOSCOPY E-VIDEOS
https://eref.thieme.de/e-videos

Endoscopy E-Videos is a free access online section, reporting on interesting cases and new techniques in gastroenterological endoscopy. All papers include a high quality video and all contributions are freely accessible online.

This section has its own submission website at https://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/e-videos