Use of endoscopic sleeve to achieve full-thickness endoscopic resection of malignant polyp under direct vision

Therapeutic decisions for early-stage colon cancer discovered after polypectomy are complex [1]. Surgical colectomy is associated with a low rate of residual cancer, but significant morbidity. In select patients, endoscopic full-thickness resection (EFTR) may be an option [2, 3]. We report EFTR using an endoscopic sleeve (Dilumen; Lumendi) with multiple endoscopic tools.

The endoscopic sleeve has two balloons to improve the navigation and stability of the colon. The fore-balloon is extended using pushrods to create the “therapeutic zone” [4]. However, the fore-balloon cannot be deployed in the cecum or near an anastomosis (▶Fig. 1). In the present case, the fore-balloon and pushrods were removed in order to use two additional instruments via the empty pushrod channels. Moreover, one additional tool...
attached to the endoscope tip can be passed through the sleeve (▶ Fig. 2) [5]. A 73-year-old man underwent polypectomy near an ileocolic anastomosis. Pathology showed invasive adenocarcinoma and a residual lesion was suspected; therefore, EFTR was planned. A colonoscope (Olympus) with the sleeve was advanced to the scarred lesion (▶ Fig. 3). A PolyLoop (Olympus) attached to the endoscope tip was opened around the lesion. Two graspers (Steris) inserted through the sleeve channels were navigated to the lesion with a biopsy forceps (Boston Scientific) through the endoscopic channel, and the lesion was grasped and pulled up through the PolyLoop. The PolyLoop was positioned with the biopsy forceps. Once the PolyLoop was secured, the isolated lesion was excised with a snare (Boston Scientific). The defect was closed with clips (Boston Scientific), reinforcing the PolyLoop closure (▶ Fig. 4). Procedure time was 95 min. The patient was discharged on the day of the procedure without complications. Pathology showed no malignant cells in the full-thickness specimen (▶ Fig. 5; Video 1).

The use of two graspers and a PolyLoop could provide more retraction and enable the removal of larger lesions under direct vision. This type of endoscopic sleeve can be adapted to permit multiple channels and tools, enabling EFTR in the colon.

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▶ Fig. 3 An elevated and scarred lesion located near the ileocolic anastomosis.

▶ Fig. 4 Endoscopic full-thickness resection using an endoscopic sleeve with multiple endoscopic tools: a The PolyLoop was placed around the lesion. b The lesion was grasped with two graspers inserted through the sleeve channels. c The lesion was lifted using the graspers through the PolyLoop, and the PolyLoop was positioned with the biopsy forceps around the area of interest. d The PolyLoop was closed, and the lesion was then excised with an endoscopic snare. e Finally, the defect was closed with endoscopic clips. Red stars: endoscopic graspers; yellow stars: biopsy forceps.

▶ Fig. 5 Pathological findings revealed that the resected specimen included all layers from mucosa to serosa, and there were no malignant cells.
Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

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Video 1
Endoscopic full-thickness resection near an ileocolic anastomosis using an endoscopic sleeve with multiple endoscopic tools.