Therapeutic Approach against 2019-nCoV by Inhibition of ACE-2 Receptor

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ABSTRACT
The continued spread of 2019-nCoV has prompted widespread concern around the world. WHO formally named COVID-19 and International Committee on Taxonomy called it Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus-2 (SARS-CoV-2). Due to this viral attack, the whole world is in lockdown. Presently, there is no effective way to control it, except social distancing and hygienic activity. World class scientists and researchers are trying to make vaccine and discover the medicine against the control and cure to this deadly viral disease. Our aim to presenting this article is kick-off deadly viral disease i.e COVID-19 by an easy way with minimum intervention and effort. Different ayurvedic therapeutic agents (Curcuma Longa L, Green tea and Piper nigrum) inhibit entry of virus in host cell, transmission of pathogen and improve the immunity. Curcumin and piperine (1-piperoylpiperidine) interact to each other and form a π-π intermolecular complex which enhance the bioavailability of curcumin by inhibition of glucuronidation of curcumin in liver. Both the molecules curcumin and catechin get bound directly to receptors binding domain of S-protein and ACE-2 receptors of host cell, due to which these molecules inhibit the entry of virus in host cell i.e. animal survives from being infected.

Introduction
German veterinarians were puzzled in 1912, due to over the case of a feverish cat with extreme superfluous abdomen. That was the first time reported paradigm power of a coronavirus but veterinarians could not understand it at that time. It was few decades, coronavirus was giving chickens bronchitis and pigs an intestinal disease that killed almost every piglet under two weeks old and first time was identified animal coronavirus in 1930. Until 1960s, these pathogens remained an obscure link between animals and humans. In 1960, scientist’s United Kingdom and the United States isolated two virus with corona like or crown like morphology were responsible for causing common colds in humans. The name coronavirus coined in 1968 is derived due to resemble the solar corona or crown like structure under electron microscope for the entire group of this virus. The sequence of the killer virus may be as follows: dog harms cats, the cat target pig intestines. The launching of severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) in 2003 caused by a new virus which belonged to coronavirus family had been playing role as a killer machine to kill the people and declared a pandemic, earlier believed that coronavirus causes only mild symptoms in humans [1]. Nowadays a new version of coronavirus family was produced,
a mutant may be by natural phenomenon or manmade virus with high spread power death toll from the COVID-19 pandemic. A 55 years old person from Hubei province could have been the first patient to have infected with the virus on November 17, 2019 the first case of novel severe acute respiratory syndrome emerged and then spread on the whole globe [2]. Doctor Jixian Zhang credited with first identifying the COVID-19 coronavirus has defended the country’s response to the outbreak in an interview with state television on 27 December, amid international accusations that officials initially tried to conceal the crisis. After isolation and identification this pathogen originally called 2019 novel corona virus (2019-nCoV) [3] but has subsequently been officially named severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) by the WHO. On 11th February, 2020 the WHO announced a name for the new coronavirus disease called as COVID-19. On the same day, the coronavirus study group of the International Committee on Taxonomy of Viruses named 2019-nCoV as severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) by the WHO. As on February 2020 to 25 Sep. 2020, 32110656 confirmed cases 980011 deaths have been reported for COVID-19 globally [4] (comparative study at different time interval reported in ▶ Fig. 1). According to globally available data, COVID-19 caused by 2019-nCoV virus is the killer machine [5]. Possible ways to Inhibition of transmission: As per discussion above and urgency of outbreak has led to the empiric use of broad-spectrum antibiotics and antiviral agents some are clinically approved and some not approved in affected patients in several countries. There are four general approaches to cure and control this pandemic disease caused by the (SERS-COV-2) is as follows: 1. Direct antiviral effects, 2. Inhibition of viral entry and replication at the cellular level by targeting virus-related processes, 3. Enhancement of host immune response and 4. Social distancing includes hygienic activities and complete lockdown [6]. At present time there are no antiviral agents of SARS-CoV-2 available. Scientists have been facing a big challenge to find possible treatments to save life and discover vaccines for future prevention of the virus, social distancing and complete lockdown is the only way to slow down the transmission of virus. Social distancing and lockdown is not an effective solution to kick off the virus and it is also not possible to lockdown for long time and not feasible for mankind & economical aspects also. In this view, our aim was to introduce an easy and fast way to cure and control the action of aforesaid virus by triple action i.e. masking/inhibition of Spike protein receptor binding domain (RBD) of Virus, ACE-2 receptor & TMPRSS-2 Co-enzyme of host cell against to this pandemic disease using by ancient Ayurvedic remedy as soon as earlier along with theoretical scientific approach without any failure in the respect of inhibition of viral entry and replication at the cellular level by targeting virus-related processes along with enhance of host immunity. We are strongly recommended a therapy to cure and control the COVID-19, not for India but all over the globe in respect of mankind as well as our golden future.

Ancient Ayurvedic Therapeutic Agents
Curcuma Longa L. (Turmeric)

Indian tradition believe that turmeric is a divine plant given to human being by God. Therefore, turmeric has always been a part of Vedic rituals in India. Sunlight dried powder of Curcuma longa L (Indian name haldi) is the good source of Curcumin [7]. Curcumin and its derivatives are found as effective inhibitor of triple target receptors to arrest the launch of SARs-COV-2, Angiotensin convert-
Black pepper (Piper Nigrum)

Black pepper is used as medicine to treat digestive and respiratory tract related diseases caused by viral infection like as acute respiratory infection, asthma, chronic indigestion, and fever [8]. Black pepper is the good source of piperine (1-piroylpiperidine), which is used as oral supplement to increase plasma level of coenzyme Q10. Black pepper increase enzymatic activity, lipid per oxidation, antioxidant, bioavailability enhancer, immunomodulatory effect, WBC count and inhibit a dipogenesis [9]. Due to bioavailability effects of piperine it increases the level of curcumin and catechin in plasma and play a vital role to inhibit the entry of 2019-nCoV in cell.

Green Tea

Green tea contains a large number of compounds that is said to be beneficial to human health as Catechins, Caffeine, Theanine, Vitamins (Vitamin C, Vitamin B1, Folic Acid, β-carotene, Vitamin E), Saponins, Fluorine, γ-amino butyric acid, Chlorophyll etc. Catechins are a type of polyphenol and the main astringency component in pepper. Sunflower seed is the good source of piperine (1-pieroylpiperidine), which is used as oral supplement to increase plasma level of coenzyme Q10. Black pepper increase enzymatic activity, lipid per oxidation, antioxidant, bioavailability enhancer, immunomodulatory effect, WBC count and inhibit a dipogenesis [9]. Due to bioavailability effects of piperine it increases the level of curcumin and catechin in plasma and play a vital role to inhibit the entry of 2019-nCoV in cell.

Recipe to Treat COVID-19

COVID-19 patient may be treated as following manner with ayurvedic recipe which will be shown the promising results along with the fast recovery. This recipe will also be beneficial for preventing the 2019-nCoV and to enhance the immune response.

Concomitant Effects of Curcumin & Catechin with Piperine

Curcumin has the poor absorption bioavailability due to rapid metabolism in liver and small intestinal wall. The major component of the black pepper is the alkaloid Piperine (1-piroylpiperidine) enhance the bioavailability of the drugs by inhibition of glucuronidation in the liver and small intestine. Concomitant administration of Turmeric powder with Piperine & Catechin with Piperine increase the absorption bioavailability 2000 % with no adverse side effects [11]. Due to increase the bioavailability, it will play indefinable promising role to cure and control the COVID-19 outbreak globally along with enhance the immune response.
ly it was also seen that ligand molecule binds to the RDB amino acid (S protein) which involved in host cell binding. Carbon hydrogen bond, conventional hydrogen bond and Van der waals force are formed between Curcumin or Catechin (ligand) and S-protein (amino acid). It also proves that ligands have strong bonding affinity with ACE-2 as well as S-protein but binding affinity of catechin is more than curcumin. Hence curcumin and catechin create inhibition environment between RBD and ACE-2 receptors which cause the virus to not enter in the host cell (▶ Fig. 2).

AL\(\text{A}\ C:570, \text{VAL} A:976, \text{THR} C:572\) (by Van der Waals forces); ASP A:979, THR C:547, AGR A:1000, SER A:975 (by conventional H-bond); THR C:573, ASN A:978, CYS A:743 (by carbon-hydrogen bond); LER A:966 (by \(\pi-\sigma\) bond). Catechin linked to S-protein amino acids: GLN B:314, GLU B:309, LYS B:310, GLY B:311, ILE B:664, LYS C:733, LEU C:861, ASP B:950, GLY C:769, ALA C:766, LYS B:304, THR C:761 (by Van der waals forces); TYR B:313, THR C:768, ASN C:764, THR B:302, GLN B:954, ASP C:775 (by conventional H-bond); ILE B:312 (by C-H bond); THR C:768, VAL C:772, LEU B:303 (n-o bond); ARG C:765 (n-cation); ILE B:312, PRO B:665, ARG C:765 (n-alkyl bond). Hydroxyl group of catechin has high binding affinity to words the amino acid AGR-634 and VAL-635 of 2019-nCoV Spike protein. In addition, these two polyphenols are strong immune boosters and have been reported accounted for to initiate autophagy, another significant component of viral freedom [22–24]. Along these lines, it is evident that transmission of viral disease can be stop by using Curcuma Longa L, Green tea and Piper nigrum in daily life.

**Intercalating of Piperine with Curcumin**

So as to survey the intercalating affinity of piperine with curcumin as a transporter of the curcumin particle by way of metabolism, we have considered the idea of the intermolecular complex. A low binding energy \(-3.1 \text{ kcal/mol} \) complex is formed by \(\pi-\pi\) linkage between the benzene ring of curcumin and piperine (\(\rightarrow\) **Fig. 3**). As we find the distance between the enolic proton of curcumin to piperine to be shorter than the phenolic proton of curcumin and piperine, we recommend that the essential method of intercalation is through enolic intermolecular hydrogen holding and the sandwich \(\pi-\pi\) linkage between the benzene rings of the curcumin and piperine molecules [25]. On account of this these collaborations among piperine and curcumin compete for intercalating between adjoining layers of curcumin thus providing for a channel for piperine to bind to curcumin in supporting its transportation through metabolic pathways. When glucuronosylation of curcumin is hindered by piperine, curcumin stays longer time in the body and provide more time for the absorption of curcumin thus increase the bioavailability of curcumin by 20-floid through this method.

**Conclusion**

COVID-19 pandemic has caused a severe blow to social life, health and economic status. The malignancy of the virus can be detected only by the fact that it has killed many millions of people so far. Hence, there is a need to curb COVID-19 comprehensively. Our research suggest that the use of Curcuma Longa L (Curcumin), Piper Nigrum (Piperin) and Green Tea (Catechin) in their daily lives regularly can cure and prevent COVID-19 outbreak and infection.

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**Conflicts of Interest**

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest associated with this work.

**References**

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