A 42-year-old woman was diagnosed with a submucosal lesion at the lower esophagus extending into the fundus (▶ Fig. 1). Endosonography showed the tumor arising from the second layer (i.e., muscularis mucosa). Submucosal tunneling endoscopic resection (STER) was performed using a therapeutic channel (3.7 mm) endoscope (GIF-1TH190; Olympus, Tokyo, Japan) (▶ Video 1). We used a new multimodality knife for the entire procedure (Speedboat-RS2; Creo Medical Ltd., Chepstow, UK) (▶ Fig. 2). This device consists of curved bipolar electrodes on the sides for cutting using radiofrequency energy (400 kHz and 35 W) and microwave for coagulation (frequency 5.8 GHz, power setting 10 W). In brief, the STER procedure involved: a) submucosal injection at about 1 cm proximal to the submucosal tumor (▶ Fig. 3a); b) mucosal incision of about 2 cm in length (▶ Fig. 3b); c) submucosal tunneling and dissection of the tumor from surrounding tissue (▶ Fig. 3c); d) retrieval of the tumor using a polypectomy snare (▶ Fig. 3d); d) closure of the incision using multiple endoclips.

The tunneling technique is widely utilized for the resection of submucosal tumors in the upper gastrointestinal tract. Advances in devices and techniques have improved the outcomes of endoscopic resection in these lesions [1]. This case demonstrates the use of a new multimodality device for endoscopic dissection of a large submucosal tumor. The novel bipolar cutting device has an integrated injection needle so that the entire procedure can be accomplished without device exchange. The presence of a protective hull (▶ Fig. 2) safeguards against inadvertent damage to the muscle, which is a potential concern when using monopolar electrosurgical knives [2]. A recent report

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described the use of this device for removal of a large colonic polyp by the endoscopic submucosal tunneling dissection technique, with no muscle damage and only minimal charring [3].

Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

References


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