Use of intraductal cholangioscopy devices to retrieve migrated pancreatic stents

The incidence of proximal pancreatic stent migration is unknown, though early studies report up to 5%, with recently reported success rates of < 80% for stent retrieval using conventional techniques [1]. Stent retrieval remains challenging owing to characteristically small pancreatic duct diameters, strictures, tortuous distal pancreatic duct course, stent location proximal to the genu, and small-caliber stents. Novel retrieval techniques for proximally migrated pancreatic stents have included pancreatoscopy to achieve guidewire cannulation of the stent lumen [2, 3] or facilitate retrieval using SpyByte forceps (Boston Scientific, Marlborough, Massachusetts, USA), though duct diameter must be large enough to accommodate a SpyScope for such techniques. For ducts of small or normal diameter, proximally migrated stents can be cannulated with a guidewire, over which mini-snare can be passed to retrieve the stent [4, 5].

We describe two cases in which a SpySnare and SpyBasket, used without the accompanying SpyScope, were used to retrieve proximally migrated pancreatic stents in normal diameter ducts (▶ Video 1).

A 52-year-old woman was referred for retrieval of a proximally migrated prophylactic 5-Fr pancreatic stent. On pancreatography the stent’s distal tip was proximal to the genu with the proximal tip in the body or tail. A pancreatic sphincterotomy was performed using a papillotome over a guidewire. The stent lumen was cannulated with a 0.035-inch guidewire. Despite previous unsuccessful retrieval attempts using SpySnare, the pancreatic stent was successfully captured and retrieved using SpyBasket.

Video 1 Use of SpyScope devices to retrieve migrated pancreatic stents.

Competing interests
None

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Bibliography

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