Successful endoscopic transpapillary gallbladder stenting using a new easily maneuverable guidewire: a report of two cases

Endoscopic transpapillary gallbladder drainage has a poor technical success rate (80%–90%) [1–4]. The technique is sometimes challenging when the guidewire cannot be advanced through the cystic duct into the gallbladder because of ductal tortuosity or obstruction [5] (▶Fig.1). This report describes a new, easily maneuverable guidewire (approved by the review board of Nagoya City University Graduate School of Medical Sciences; approval No.46-18-0012), which was successfully advanced into the gallbladders of two patients in whom a conventional guidewire could not be advanced (▶Fig.2,▶Video 1).

Case 1: an 83-year-old man developed epigastralgia caused by acute cholecystitis 3 days after percutaneous coronary intervention to treat acute coronary syndrome. As he was at risk of requiring anticoagulation therapy, percutaneous transhepatic gallbladder drainage was performed on the same day, and a choledocholithiasis was detected via cholangiography (▶Fig.3). Then, 3 months later, after his heart condition had stabilized, we performed endoscopic choledocholithiasis extraction and endoscopic transpapillary gallbladder stenting (ETGS) to remove the percutaneous catheter and prevent future acute cholecystitis.

Case 2: a 65-year-old man was admitted with epigastralgia caused by recurrent acute cholecystitis; he was awaiting preventative cholecystectomy (▶Fig.4). A new choledocholithiasis originating from the gallbladder was detected on computed tomography; we extracted it and then performed subsequent ETGS as a bridge to cholecystectomy.

In both cases, tortuous cystic ducts hindered the advancement of a regular guidewire, with “popping up” of its flexible tip portion (▶Fig.1). Therefore, we used the improved M-through guidewire (ASAHI INTECC Corp., Seto, Japan), which was maneuvered easily and was successfully passed through both cystic ducts; we placed plastic stents along the guidewires. The new guidewire has an innovative tip allowing smooth tracking and easy maneuverability. This guidewire was passed rapidly through tortuous cystic ducts, followed by plastic stent placement in the gallbladder (▶Fig.5).

Acknowledgments
The improved M-through guidewires were gifts from ASAHI INTECC Corp.
Video 1 Two cases of endoscopic transpapillary gallbladder stenting using a new easy maneuverable guidewire.

Fig. 2 Improved passage of an M-through guidewire (ASAHI INTECC Corp., Seto, Japan) through the cystic duct into the gallbladder. The novel flexible tip portion avoids being popped up and allows smooth control of the guidewire during advancement through a tortuous cystic duct (blue and yellow arrows).

Fig. 3 Case 1 (83-year-old man): cholangiography revealed a small cholecystolithiasis that had originated from the gallbladder (yellow circle).

Fig. 4 Case 2 (65-year-old man): computed tomography revealed gallbladder swelling with wall thickening and pericholecystic fat stranding, suggestive of acute cholecystitis.

Fig. 5 A fluoroscopic image obtained after performing endoscopic transpapillary gallbladder stenting in Case 1. A 5 Fr × 13 cm single-pigtail stent (Gadeilius Medical K.K., Sagamihara, Japan) was finally placed along the guidewire into the gallbladder.
Competing interests
None

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