Double-tunnel method for treatment of colorectal lesions with severe fibrosis with endoscopic submucosal dissection

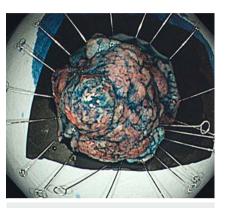


▶ Fig. 1 Endoscopic images showing: **a** a protruded lesion in the rectum (60 mm in size) on retroflexed view; **b** the entrance of the first tunnel at the anal site (yellow arrow); **c** the remaining side of lesion on retroflexed view; **d** the appearance after completion of submucosal dissection, which was achieved with no muscle injury.

Endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) for gastrointestinal lesions enables en bloc resection with tumor-free margins and is not limited by the lesion size or location. However, en bloc removal of colorectal lesions with severe fibrosis is difficult and requires a longer time [1,2]. We report the successful resection of an early rectal tumor by colorectal ESD with a new method: double-tunnel ESD.

A 68-year-old man was referred to our hospital for treatment of a large subprotruded rectal lesion measuring about 60 mm in diameter (**> Fig. 1 a**). He underwent ESD, which was performed using a dual knife (KD-650U; Olympus, Tokyo, Japan), with the patient under deep sedation.

Our plan to achieve en bloc resection of this large sub-protruded lesion, a type of lesion that often has severe fibrosis or displays the muscle-retracting sign during ESD [3], was first to open two different tunnels on each side of the severe fibrosis from the anal side of the lesion (> Fig. 1b). This technique allows good traction to be maintained and an appropriate dissection line to be identified, even in the presence of severe fibrosis. Subsequently, the two tunnels were connected (▶ Video 1). Finally, mucosal and submucosal dissections were performed from both sides to open the lesion from the lower side against gravity (> Fig. 1 c). After this, the lesion was completely resected en bloc without any complications



▶ Fig. 2 The opened specimen revealed submucosally invasive carcinoma, with negative margins, measuring 59 × 50 mm.

(**Fig. 1 d**). The tumor was 59×50 mm in size; histological examination revealed a submucosally invasive carcinoma, with all the margins being tumorfree (**Fig. 2**).

ESD using the double-tunnel method can achieve reliably efficient and safe resection of colorectal lesions with severe fibrosis or displaying the muscle-retracting sign.

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Competing interests

None

The authors

Hideyuki Chiba¹, Ken Ohata², Maiko Takita², Jun Tachikawa¹, Keiichi Ashikari¹, Toru Goto¹, Atsushi Nakajima³

- Department of Gastroenterology, Omori Red Cross Hospital, Tokyo, Japan
- 2 Department of Gastroenterology, NTT Medical Center Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
- 3 Department of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, Yokohama City University school of Medicine, Yokohama, Japan





▶ Video 1 Colorectal endoscopic submucosal dissection with the double-tunnel method is used to resect a lesion with severe fibrosis efficiently and safely because good traction is maintained and an appropriate dissection line can be identified.

Corresponding author

Hideyuki Chiba, MD, PhD

Department of Gastroenterology, Omori Red Cross Hospital , 4-30-1, Chuo, Ota-Ku, Tokyo, 143-8527, Japan h.chiba04@gmail.com

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Bibliography

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