Supporting Information

A Hydroalcoholic Extract from *Paullinia pinnata* L. Roots Exerts Anthelmintic Activity against Free-Living and Parasitic Nematodes

Verena Spiegler¹, Eva Liebau², Carolin Peppler¹, Katharina Raue³, Steffen Werne⁴, Christina Strube³, Felix Heckendorn⁴, Christian Agyare⁵, Andreas Hensel¹

Affiliations

¹Institute for Pharmaceutical Biology and Phytochemistry, University of Münster, Münster, Germany
²Department of Molecular Physiology, Institute for Zoophysiology, Münster, Germany
³Institute for Parasitology, University of Veterinary Medicine Hannover, Hannover, Germany
⁴Research Institute of Organic Agriculture (FiBL), Frick, Switzerland
⁵Department of Pharmaceutics, Faculty of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences, Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and Technology, Kumasi, Ghana

Correspondence

*Prof. Dr. Andreas Hensel*
University of Münster
Institute of Pharmaceutical Biology and Phytochemistry
Corrensstrasse 48
48149 Münster
Germany
Phone: +49 251 833 3380
Fax: +49 251 833 841
ahensel@uni-muenster.de
Fig. S1 Influence of an ethanol-water extract (1:1 v/v) from the roots of *P. pinnata* on egg hatch (A) and larvae migration (B) of *Haemonchus contortus* at different concentrations. NC: Negative control, containing DMSO 1%. Thiabendazole (A) and Lugol’s solution (B) served as positive controls; ***: significant differences (p < 0.001) compared to the NC.