Supplementary Material to Polzin et al. “Prevention of dipyrone (metamizole) induced inhibition of aspirin antiplatelet effects” (Thromb Haemost 2015; 113.6)

Suppl. Figure 1: Arachidonic Acid and ASA Dose Response in Platelet Activation. 300µM and 1000µM arachidonic acid induced thromboxane generation as well as platelet aggregation in light-transmission aggregometry (A). ASA concentrations of 30µM sufficiently inhibited thromboxane formation and platelet aggregation induced by arachidonic acid in healthy individuals (B). n=4 healthy individuals; ANOVA.
Suppl. Figure 2: Thromboxane Formation Levels – Light Transmission Aggregometry Relationship. Arachidonic acid induced thromboxane formation above 220 ng/ml induced platelet aggregation measured by light-transmission aggregometry in healthy individuals. n=74 healthy individuals.